

In the opinion of Greenberg Traurig, LLP, Bond Counsel, under existing statutes, regulations, rulings and court decisions and assuming continuing compliance with certain covenants and the accuracy of certain representations, (a) interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes, except for interest on any Bond for any period during which that Bond is held by a “substantial user” or a “related person” as those terms are used in Section 103(b)(13) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, and (b) interest on the Bonds is not an item of tax preference for the purpose of computing the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals and corporations and is not taken into account in determining adjusted current earnings for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on certain corporations. So long as interest on the Bonds is not included in gross income for federal income tax purposes, interest on the Bonds is not included in net income for purposes of the tax imposed on individuals, estates, and trusts under the New Mexico Income Tax Act or the tax imposed on corporations under the New Mexico Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act. For a more complete discussion of the tax aspects of owning the Bonds, see “TAX EXEMPTION” herein.

\$203,460,000
City of Farmington, New Mexico
Pollution Control Refunding Revenue Bonds
(Southern California Edison Company Four Corners Project)

\$103,460,000 2005 Series A
(Non-AMT)

\$100,000,000 2005 Series B
(Non-AMT)

Mode Change Date: April 1, 2010

Mandatory Purchase Date: April 1, 2015

Due: April 1, 2029

The Bonds being reoffered hereby were issued by the City of Farmington, New Mexico (the “City”) to refinance the cost of certain facilities for the abatement, control, reduction or prevention of pollution caused by the operation of certain electric generating units at the Four Corners Generating Station located in San Juan County, New Mexico. The Bonds are limited obligations of the City, and are payable solely from and secured by a pledge of payments to be made on a series of First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds issued by and otherwise from payments to be made under an Installment Sale Agreement between the City and

Southern California Edison Company

Each series of the Bonds will bear interest at a Term Rate of 2.875% per annum from April 1, 2010 to, but not including, April 1, 2015, payable on October 1, 2010 and on the first day of each April and October thereafter. On and after April 1, 2015, the rate of interest on each series of the Bonds may be adjusted from time to time to Daily, Weekly, Term, Fixed or Commercial Paper Rates, or to Auction or SIFMA-Based Term Rates (or any combination thereof) upon notice and as described herein.

On April 1, 2015, each series of the Bonds is subject to mandatory purchase at 100% of the principal amount thereof, as described herein. The Bonds of each series are not subject to optional redemption prior to April 1, 2015 but are subject to extraordinary optional and mandatory redemption in the manner and at the times described herein.

The Bonds are reoffered only as fully registered bonds registered initially in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York (“DTC”), which currently acts as securities depository for the Bonds as described herein. Beneficial ownership interests in the Bonds may be acquired initially in denominations of \$5,000 and any integral multiple thereof. Beneficial owners of the Bonds will not receive physical delivery of the bond certificates except as described herein. For so long as Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC, is the exclusive registered owner of the Bonds, payments of principal of, and premium, if any, and interest on, the Bonds, will be made by The Bank of New York (now known as The Bank of New York Mellon), as Trustee for the Bonds, to DTC on each applicable payment date. Disbursement of such payments to DTC’s participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to beneficial owners of the Bonds will be the responsibility of such participants. See “THE BONDS—BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM” herein.

The Bonds do not constitute nor give rise to a pecuniary liability of the City of Farmington, New Mexico, or a charge against its general credit or taxing power.

Price: 100%

The Bonds are reoffered subject to prior sale, withdrawal or modification of the offer without notice and to certain other conditions. It is expected that delivery of the Bonds in definitive form will take place through the facilities of DTC in New York, New York on April 1, 2010.

Barclays Capital
BofA Merrill Lynch

M.R. Beal & Company

Morgan Stanley
Ramirez & Co., Inc.

No broker, dealer, sales representative or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than as contained in this Reoffering Circular in connection with the reoffering described herein, and if given or made, such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the City of Farmington, New Mexico, Southern California Edison Company or the Underwriters. This Reoffering Circular does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities other than those described on the cover page, nor shall there be any offer to sell, solicitation of an offer to buy or sale of, such securities by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for any person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. Neither the delivery of this Reoffering Circular nor the sale of any of the Bonds implies that the information herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

Information herein has been obtained from Southern California Edison Company and other sources deemed reliable, but the accuracy or completeness of such information is not guaranteed by, and should not be construed as a representation by, the Underwriters. This Reoffering Circular is submitted in connection with the sale of the securities referred to herein, and may not be reproduced or used, in whole or in part, for any other purposes. Neither the delivery of this Reoffering Circular nor the sale of any securities hereunder, under any circumstances at any time, shall imply that the information herein is correct as of any time subsequent to its date.

This Reoffering Circular and the information contained herein and in the appendices hereto (including, but not limited to, the information incorporated into APPENDIX A hereto by reference) are not to be construed to be representations by the City of Farmington, New Mexico. The City of Farmington, New Mexico, neither has nor assumes any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of any information in this Reoffering Circular or its appendices or the information incorporated by reference into APPENDIX A hereto.

IN CONNECTION WITH THIS REOFFERING, THE UNDERWRITERS MAY OVERALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WHICH STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICE OF THE BONDS REOFFERED HEREBY AT A LEVEL ABOVE THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL ON THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME.

THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION NOR HAS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS REOFFERING CIRCULAR. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

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\$203,460,000
CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO
POLLUTION CONTROL REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS
(SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON COMPANY FOUR CORNERS PROJECT)

\$103,460,000 2005 SERIES A

\$100,000,000 2005 SERIES B

INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

This Reoffering Circular is provided to furnish information in connection with the reoffering of Pollution Control Refunding Revenue Bonds (Southern California Edison Company Four Corners Project) 2005 Series A in the aggregate principal amount of \$103,460,000 (the "Series A Bonds") and Pollution Control Refunding Revenue Bonds (Southern California Edison Company Four Corners Project) 2005 Series B in the aggregate principal amount of \$100,000,000 (the "Series B Bonds"), issued by the City of Farmington, New Mexico (the "City") pursuant to Ordinance No. 2005-1163 adopted by the City Council of the City on March 8, 2005 (the "Authorizing Ordinance"). The Bank of New York (now known as The Bank of New York Mellon) has been appointed trustee under the Authorizing Ordinance (the "Trustee"). The Authorizing Ordinance was supplemented and amended by Ordinance No. 2010-1226 adopted by the City Council of the City on March 9, 2010 (the "First Supplemental Ordinance"). The Authorizing Ordinance, as supplemented and amended by the First Supplemental Ordinance, is herein referred to as the "Ordinance." The Series A Bonds and the Series B Bonds are herein sometimes collectively referred to as the "Bonds." Capitalized terms used but not defined herein (including in APPENDIX C hereto) have the meanings assigned to them in the Ordinance.

PURPOSE

The Bonds were issued by the City on March 23, 2005 at the request of Southern California Edison Company, a California corporation (the "Company"), for the purpose of refunding \$48,920,000 aggregate principal amount of the City's outstanding Pollution Control Refunding Revenue Bonds (Southern California Edison Company Four Corners Project) 1991 Series A and \$154,540,000 aggregate principal amount of the City's outstanding Pollution Control Refunding Revenue Bonds (Southern California Edison Company Four Corners Project) 1993 Series A (collectively, the "Prior Bonds"). The Prior Bonds were issued to refinance a portion of the cost to the Company of certain facilities (the "Facilities") for the abatement, control, reduction or prevention of pollution caused by the operation of Units 4 and 5 at the Four Corners Generating Station, a coal-fired electric power generating plant located in San Juan County, New Mexico (the "Plant"). The Company's undivided interest (approximately 48%) in the Facilities is herein referred to as the "Project."

AUTHORITY

The City was authorized to issue the Bonds pursuant to the Pollution Control Revenue Bond Act, Sections 3-59-1 to 3-59-14 New Mexico Statutes Annotated 1978, as amended (the "Act"), the Authorizing Ordinance, and a resolution adopted by the City Council of the City on March 8, 2005 (the "Resolution").

SECURITY AND SOURCES OF PAYMENT

Pursuant to an Installment Sale Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2005 (the "Agreement"), between the City and the Company, the Project was sold by the Company to the City and resold by the City to the Company. Under the Agreement, the Company is obligated to pay the purchase price of the Project by making payments at such times and in such amounts as are required to pay when due the principal of, and premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds (the "Purchase Installments"). Pursuant to the Agreement, the Company's obligations to make the Purchase Installments and to make Purchase Price payments on the Bonds when due, as described herein, and to perform and observe the other agreements on its part contained in the Agreement are absolute and unconditional, irrespective of any defense, lack of or defect in title to the Project or any rights of set-off, recoupment or counterclaim it might otherwise have against the City. To secure and provide for the payment of the Purchase Installments, the Company has issued its first and refunding mortgage bonds (the "Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds") under a Trust Indenture, dated as of October 1, 1923, between the Company and The Bank of New York (now known as The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A.) and D. G. Donovan, as successor trustees (the "First Mortgage Trustees"), as amended and supplemented (the "Company Indenture") in the same principal amount, bearing the same rate of interest and maturing on the same date as the Bonds. Pursuant to the Ordinance, all rights, titles and interests of the City under the Agreement and the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds have been assigned to the Trustee, except for certain rights of the City to receive payment for fees and expenses and rights to indemnification.

The Bonds will never constitute the debt or indebtedness of the City within the meaning of any provision or limitation of the Constitution or statutes of the State of New Mexico and will never constitute nor give rise to a pecuniary liability of the City or a charge against its general credit or taxing powers. The Bonds are limited obligations of the City payable solely from the revenues and receipts derived by the City pursuant to the Agreement and pledged under the Ordinance to the Trustee for the payment of the Bonds, including payments on the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds. No Holder of any Bond will have any right to compel any exercise of the taxing power of the City to pay the principal of or premium, if any, or interest on the Bonds.

MISCELLANEOUS

Brief descriptions of the City, the Bonds, the Agreement, the Ordinance, the Company Indenture, the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds and the Resolution are included in this Reoffering Circular. For information concerning the Company, see APPENDIX A hereto. The proposed form of the opinion of Greenberg Traurig, LLP, Bond Counsel, to be delivered on the April 1, 2010 Mode Change Date is included as APPENDIX B hereto. Certain definitions used herein are set forth in APPENDIX C hereto. The references herein to the Bonds, the Agreement, the Ordinance and the Resolution are qualified in their entirety by reference to such documents, copies of which may be obtained at the designated corporate trust office of the Trustee at 385 Rifle Camp Road, 3rd Floor, Woodland Park, New Jersey 07424. All such descriptions are further qualified in their entirety by reference to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or similar laws or governmental actions relating to or affecting generally the enforcement of creditors' rights.

THE CITY

The City is an incorporated municipality, a body politic and corporate, existing under the Constitution and laws of the State of New Mexico. The City is located in San Juan County, New Mexico. The City was and is authorized and empowered under the Act to issue the Bonds, to acquire the Project from, and sell the Project to, the Company, to adopt the Authorizing Ordinance, to secure the Bonds by a pledge of the receipts and revenues of the City from the Company pursuant to the Agreement and to adopt the First Supplemental Ordinance.

THE BONDS

Each series of the Bonds is a separate issue, but contains substantially the same terms and provisions as the other series. An Event of Default with respect to either series of the Bonds will constitute an Event of Default with respect to the other series of the Bonds. Redemption of Bonds of one series may be made in the manner described below without the redemption of Bonds of the other series. In the following summary of the terms of the Bonds, the references to the Bonds relate to each series of the Bonds, and this summary should be read as referring separately to each series of the Bonds.

GENERAL

Upon remarketing, the Bonds will bear interest at the Term Rate set forth on the cover page hereof from the Mode Change Date to, but not including, April 1, 2015, payable on October 1, 2010 and on the first day of each April and October thereafter. On and after April 1, 2015, the rate of interest on the Bonds may be adjusted from time to time to Daily, Weekly, Term, Fixed or Commercial Paper Rates, or to Auction or SIFMA-Based Term Rates (or any combination thereof), at the option of the Company, subject to certain restrictions, upon notice as described herein under “THE BONDS—DETERMINATION OF INTEREST PERIODS AND RATES.” **This Reoffering Circular does not contain any information regarding the Bonds after the date, if any, on which the Bonds are converted to a SIFMA-Based Term Rate Mode or an Auction Mode.**

On April 1, 2015, the Bonds are subject to mandatory purchase by the Company at 100% of the principal amount thereof. The Bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to April 1, 2015 but are subject to extraordinary optional and mandatory redemption prior to April 1, 2015 in the manner and at the times described herein under “THE BONDS—REDEMPTION.” The Bonds mature on April 1, 2029 (the “Maturity Date”). The principal of and premium, if any, on the Bonds will be payable on the Principal Payment Date, upon surrender thereof at the office of the Trustee.

The Bonds are issued as fully registered Bonds, without coupons, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof in a Term Rate Mode or a Fixed Rate Mode, and in denominations of \$100,000 and any integral multiple of \$5,000 in excess thereof in a Commercial Paper Mode, a Daily Mode or a Weekly Mode (the “Authorized Denominations”). The Bonds are registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York (“DTC”), pursuant to DTC’s book-entry only system (the “Book-Entry Only System”). Purchases of beneficial interests in the Bonds will be made in

book-entry form, without certificates. If at any time the Book-Entry Only System is discontinued for the Bonds, the Bonds will be exchangeable for other fully registered certificated Bonds of the same series and interest rate in any Authorized Denominations. See “THE BONDS—BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM—Discontinuance of Book-Entry Only System” herein. The Trustee may require the payment by any Owner of any tax or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such exchange or any transfer of a Bond.

The principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds are payable in lawful money of the United States of America. The interest on the Bonds is paid by the Trustee on the Interest Payment Dates (i) in the case of Bonds in the Term Rate Mode or the Fixed Rate Mode, by check mailed by the Trustee to the respective Owners of record thereof on the applicable Record Date at their addresses as they appear on the applicable Record Date in the books required to be kept by the Trustee, except that in the case of an Owner of \$1,000,000 or more in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds of a series, payment of interest will be made by wire transfer of immediately available funds to a wire transfer account within the continental United States on the Interest Payment Date following such Record Date upon the written request of such Owner to the Trustee, and (ii) in the case of Bonds in the Commercial Paper Mode, the Daily Mode or the Weekly Mode, by wire transfer of immediately available funds to an account within the continental United States specified by the Owner of record thereof on the applicable Record Date in a writing delivered to the Trustee.

DETERMINATION OF INTEREST PERIODS AND RATES

When a Term Rate Mode or a Fixed Rate Mode is in effect for a series of Bonds, interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months. Payment of interest on each Bond will be made on each Interest Payment Date for such Bond for unpaid interest accrued during the Interest Accrual Period to the Owner of record of such Bond on the applicable Record Date. When a Commercial Paper Mode, a Daily Mode or a Weekly Mode is in effect for a series of Bonds, interest will be calculated on the basis of a 365/366-day year for the actual number of days elapsed.

All of the Bonds of a series in any Mode may be changed to any other Mode at the times and in the manner in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance described herein. Subsequent to such change in Mode, all the Bonds of a series may again be changed to a different Mode at the times and in the manner hereinafter described. While it is anticipated that the Fixed Rate Mode for a series of Bonds will be in effect until the Maturity Date, redemption date or acceleration thereof prior to the Maturity Date, such Fixed Rate Bonds may be changed to any other Mode on a day on which such Fixed Rate Bonds are subject to optional redemption at the direction of the Company pursuant to the Ordinance.

Absent manifest error, the interest rates contained in the records of the Trustee will be conclusive and binding upon the City, the Company, the Remarketing Agent, the Trustee and the Owners. In the absence of manifest error, the determination of interest rates and Interest Periods by the Remarketing Agent will be conclusive and binding upon the Company, the Remarketing Agent, the Trustee, the City and the Owners.

No Bonds will bear interest at an interest rate higher than the applicable Maximum Rate.

Determination of Term Rates and Fixed Rates. The Term Rate to be borne by the Series A Bonds and the Series B Bonds from the Mode Change Date to, but not including, April 1, 2015 is set forth on the cover page hereof. Thereafter, the Company may elect that the Bonds of a series continue in or be changed to the Term Rate Mode in a Mode Change Notice but need not designate the Interest Period for such Term Rate Mode until the Rate Determination Date. The Term Rate for the Bonds of a series will be determined by the Remarketing Agent not later than 4:00 P.M. on the Rate Determination Date and will be the minimum interest rate which, in the sole judgment of the Remarketing Agent, will result in a sale of such Bonds at a price equal to the principal amount thereof on the effective date of such rate for the Interest Period selected by the Company in writing delivered to the Remarketing Agent on or before the Rate Determination Date.

If, at least 15 days prior to the end of the Interest Period for the Bonds of a series in the Term Rate Mode, the Company has not given a Mode Change Notice, then the Bonds of such series will be purchased on the Mandatory Purchase Date occurring at the end of the Interest Period for such Bonds (as described below under “THE BONDS—TENDERS—Mandatory Purchase at End of Interest Period for Term Rate Mode”) and will bear interest commencing on the Mandatory Purchase Date as described in the Ordinance.

The Company may elect that the Bonds of a series be changed to the Fixed Rate Mode in a Mode Change Notice. The Remarketing Agent will determine the Fixed Rate for the Bonds of a series in the Fixed Rate Mode in the manner and at the times as follows: Not later than 4:00 P.M. on the Rate Determination Date for such Bonds, the Remarketing Agent will determine the Fixed Rate for such Bonds. The Fixed Rate will be the minimum interest rate which, in the sole judgment of the Remarketing Agent, will result in a sale of such Bonds at a price equal to the principal amount thereof on the effective date of such rate.

Determination of Commercial Paper Rates and Interest Periods During the Commercial Paper Mode. An Interest Period for a Commercial Paper Bond will be of such duration, ending on a Business Day, from one to 360 calendar days, as the Remarketing Agent determines in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance. A Commercial Paper Bond of a series can have an Interest Period, and bear interest at a rate, different than other Commercial Paper Bonds of the same series. In making the determinations with respect to Interest Periods, subject to limitations imposed by the second preceding sentence, on each Rate Determination Date for a Commercial Paper Bond, the Remarketing Agent will select for such Bond the Interest Period which would result in the Remarketing Agent being able to remarket such Bond at par in the secondary market at the lowest interest rate then available and for the longest Interest Period available at such rate, provided that if on any Rate Determination Date, the Remarketing Agent determines that current or anticipated future market conditions or anticipated future events are such that a different Interest Period would result in a lower average interest cost on such Bond, then the Remarketing Agent will select the Interest Period which in the judgment of the Remarketing Agent would permit such Bond to achieve such lower average interest cost; provided, however, that if the Remarketing Agent has received notice from the Company that the Bonds of a series in the Commercial Paper Mode are to be changed to any other Mode, the Remarketing Agent will, with respect to such Bonds, select Interest Periods which do not extend beyond the proposed Mode Change Date. By 12:30 P.M. on each Rate Determination Date for a

Commercial Paper Bond, the Remarketing Agent will determine the Commercial Paper Rate for the Interest Period then selected for such Bond.

Determination of Daily Rates and Weekly Rates. The interest rate for the Bonds of a series in the Daily Mode or the Weekly Mode will be the rate of interest per annum determined by the Remarketing Agent on and as of the applicable Rate Determination Date as the minimum rate of interest which, in the opinion of the Remarketing Agent under then-existing market conditions, would result in the sale of such Bonds on the effective date of such rate at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any.

During the Daily Mode, the Remarketing Agent will establish the Daily Rate by 10:00 A.M. on each Rate Determination Date. The Daily Rate for any day during the Daily Mode which is not a Business Day will be the Daily Rate established on the immediately preceding Rate Determination Date. The Remarketing Agent will make the Daily Rate available by telephone to any Owner requesting such rate.

During the Weekly Mode, the Remarketing Agent will establish the Weekly Rate by 4:00 P.M. on each Rate Determination Date. The Weekly Rate will be in effect (i) initially, from and including the first day of such Weekly Mode to and including the following Tuesday and (ii) thereafter, from and including each Wednesday to and including the following Tuesday. The Remarketing Agent will make the Weekly Rate available after 4:00 P.M. on the Rate Determination Date by telephone to any Owner requesting such rate.

Fallback Interest Periods and Rates. The following provisions will apply in the event (a) the Remarketing Agent fails or is unable to determine the interest rate or the Interest Period for the Bonds of any series or (b) the method by which the Remarketing Agent determines the interest rate or the Interest Period with respect to the Bonds of any series (or the selection by the Company of the Interest Period for the Bonds of a series in the Term Rate Mode) is held to be unenforceable by a court of law of competent jurisdiction. These provisions will continue to apply until such time as the Remarketing Agent (or the Company if applicable) again makes such determinations. In the case of clause (b) above, the Remarketing Agent (or the Company, if applicable) will again make such determination at such time as there is delivered to the Remarketing Agent and the Company an opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that there are no longer any legal prohibitions against such determinations. The following will be the methods by which the interest rates and, in the case of the Commercial Paper and Term Rate Modes, the Interest Periods, will be determined for the Bonds of any series as to which either of the events described in clause (a) or (b) will be applicable. Such methods will be applicable from and after the date either of the events described in clause (a) or (b) first becomes applicable to such Bonds until such time as the event described in clause (a) or (b) is no longer applicable to such Bonds.

(i) For a Commercial Paper Bond, the next Interest Period will be from, and including, the day next succeeding the last day of the current Interest Period for such Bond to, but excluding, the next succeeding Business Day and thereafter will commence on each Business Day and extend to, but exclude, the next succeeding Business Day. For each such Interest Period, the interest rate for such Bond will be the SIFMA Index in effect on the Business Day that begins an Interest Period.

(ii) If such Bonds are in the Daily Mode, then such Bonds will bear interest during each subsequent Interest Period at the SIFMA Index in effect on the first day of such Interest Period.

(iii) If such Bonds are in the Weekly Mode, then such Bonds will bear interest during each subsequent Interest Period at the SIFMA Index in effect on the first day of such Interest Period.

(iv) If such Bonds are in the Term Rate Mode or the Fixed Rate Mode, then such Bonds will be purchased on the Mandatory Purchase Date occurring at the end of the Mode or at the end of the Interest Period for such Bonds (as described below under “THE BONDS—TENDERS—Mandatory Purchase at End of Interest Period for Term Rate Mode”) and will bear interest commencing on the Mandatory Purchase Date as described in the Ordinance.

CONVERSION OF BONDS TO ANOTHER MODE

Changes to a Mode Other Than the Fixed Rate Mode. At the option of the Company, the Bonds of a series may be changed from one Mode to another Mode in accordance with the provisions, and subject to the conditions, described below, except that the procedures for effecting a change to the Fixed Rate Mode are set forth in the immediately succeeding paragraph:

(a) Not later than five Business Days (or such shorter time as may be agreed to by the Company and the Trustee) prior to the date that notice to the Owners of the mandatory purchase of the Bonds of a series on a Mode Change Date must be given by the Trustee as described below under “THE BONDS—TENDERS—Mandatory Purchase on Mode Change Date,” or, if no notice to Owners is required as described below under “THE BONDS—TENDERS—Mandatory Purchase at End of Interest Period for Term Rate Mode,” then not later than 15 days before a change in Mode, the Company must give written notice to the City, the Trustee and the Remarketing Agent of its intention to effect a change in the Mode for the Bonds of a series from the Mode then in effect (the “Current Mode”) to another Mode or, if the Bonds of such series are then in the Term Rate Mode, to continue in the Term Rate Mode for a new Interest Period (the “New Mode”). If required, notice of the proposed change in Mode will be given to the Owners of such Bonds by the Trustee as described below under “THE BONDS—TENDERS—Mandatory Purchase on Mode Change Date”; provided that such notice must be given 20 days prior to the Mode Change Date if the Bonds of such series are then in the Fixed Rate Mode or in the Term Rate Mode and the Mode Change Date is occurring prior to the end of the current Interest Period as described immediately below in (c)(ii)(B) and (C).

(b) The New Mode for the Bonds of a series will commence on the Mode Change Date for such Bonds and the interest rate (or rates, in the case of a change to the Commercial Paper Mode, together with the Interest Periods for such Commercial Paper Bonds) will be determined by the Remarketing Agent in the manner described above under “THE BONDS—DETERMINATION OF INTEREST PERIODS AND RATES.” The Company

will select the Interest Period for the Bonds of a series converted to the Term Rate Mode on or prior to the Rate Determination Date for such Bonds.

(c) The following are conditions precedent to any such change in Mode:

(i) The Mode Change Date must be a Business Day.

(ii) Additionally, the Mode Change Date in the case of a change:

(A) from the Commercial Paper Mode, must be a Mandatory Purchase Date for all Commercial Paper Bonds of such series to be changed to the New Mode occurring at the end of the Interest Periods for such Bonds;

(B) from the Term Rate Mode, must be the day next succeeding the last day of the current Interest Period for the Bonds of the series being converted or a day on which such Bonds would be redeemable at the direction of the Company as described below under “THE BONDS—REDEMPTION—Optional Redemption of Bonds in the Term Rate Mode or the Fixed Rate Mode” if such change to the New Mode did not occur; and

(C) from the Fixed Rate Mode, must be a day on which such Bonds would be redeemable at the direction of the Company as described below under “THE BONDS—REDEMPTION—Optional Redemption of Bonds in the Term Rate Mode or the Fixed Rate Mode” if such change to the New Mode did not occur.

(iii) In the case of a change from a Mode during which Bonds may or must be tendered by their Owners for purchase at intervals of one year or less to a Mode during which Bonds may or must be tendered by their Owners for purchase at intervals in excess of one year, or vice versa, a Favorable Opinion of Bond Counsel dated the Mode Change Date and addressed to the City, the Trustee and the Remarketing Agent must be delivered to the City, the Trustee and the Remarketing Agent on the Mode Change Date.

(iv) If the Bonds of the series to be changed are in the Commercial Paper Mode, no Interest Period for a Bond of such series set after delivery by the Company to the Remarketing Agent of the notice of the intention to effect a change in Mode with respect to such series of Bonds will extend beyond the proposed Mode Change Date.

Change to Fixed Rate Mode. At the option of the Company, the Bonds of a series may be changed to the Fixed Rate Mode (or to a new Fixed Rate Mode) as described below. Not less than five Business Days (or such shorter time as agreed to by the Company and the Trustee) prior to the date notice of the mandatory purchase of the Bonds of a series on a Mode Change Date must be given to the Owners by the Trustee as described below under “THE BONDS—TENDERS—Mandatory Purchase on Mode Change Date,” the Company must give written notice to the City, the Trustee and the Remarketing Agent stating that the Mode for such Bonds will be

changed to the Fixed Rate Mode (or to a new Fixed Rate Mode) and setting forth the proposed Mode Change Date. Any such change in Mode will be made in accordance with the provisions, and subject to the conditions, described below:

(a) The Mode Change Date must be:

(i) a Business Day;

(ii) in the case of a change from the Commercial Paper Mode, a Mandatory Purchase Date for all Commercial Paper Bonds of such series to be changed to the Fixed Rate Mode occurring at the end of the Interest Periods for such Bonds;

(iii) in the case of a change from the Term Rate Mode, the day next succeeding the last day of the current Interest Period for the Bonds of such series being converted or a day on which such Bonds would be redeemable at the direction of the Company as described below under “THE BONDS—REDEMPTION—Optional Redemption of Bonds in the Term Rate Mode or the Fixed Rate Mode” if such change to the Fixed Rate Mode did not occur; and

(iv) in the case of a change from the Fixed Rate Mode, a day on which such Bonds would be redeemable at the direction of the Company as described below under “THE BONDS—REDEMPTION—Optional Redemption of Bonds in the Term Rate Mode or the Fixed Rate Mode” if such change to the new Fixed Rate Mode did not occur.

(b) If notice is required as described below under “THE BONDS—TENDERS—Mandatory Purchase on Mode Change Date,” not less than 15 days prior to the Mode Change Date for a series of Bonds (20 days if the Bonds of such series are then in the Fixed Rate Mode or the Term Rate Mode and the Mode Change Date is occurring prior to the end of the current Interest Period as described above in (a)(iii) or (iv)), the Trustee will mail a notice of such proposed change to the Owners of the Bonds of the series being converted stating that the Mode will be changed to the Fixed Rate Mode, the proposed Mode Change Date, that such Owners are required to tender their Bonds for purchase on such proposed Mode Change Date, the Purchase Price and that interest on such Bonds will cease to accrue from and after the proposed Mode Change Date provided funds for such purchase are on deposit with the Trustee on such Date.

(c) If the change is from a Mode during which Bonds may or must be tendered by their Owners for purchase at intervals of one year or less to a Fixed Rate Mode of one year or more in duration, the change to the Fixed Rate Mode will not occur unless a Favorable Opinion of Bond Counsel dated the Mode Change Date is delivered to the City, the Trustee and the Remarketing Agent on the Mode Change Date.

(d) The Fixed Rate for the Bonds of the series to be converted to the Fixed Rate Mode will be established by the Remarketing Agent as described above under “THE BONDS—DETERMINATION OF INTEREST PERIODS AND RATES.”

Failure to Satisfy Conditions Precedent to a Mode Change. In the event the conditions described above under “The Bonds—Conversion of Bonds to Another Mode” have not been satisfied by the applicable Mode Change Date, then the New Mode or the Fixed Rate Mode, as the case may be, for the Bonds of the series to be converted will not take effect. If the failed change in Mode was from the Commercial Paper Mode, the Bonds of such series will remain in the Commercial Paper Mode with interest rates and Interest Periods established by the Remarketing Agent on the failed Mode Change Date in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Ordinance as described above. If the failed change in Mode was from the Daily Mode, the Bonds of such series will remain in the Daily Mode, and if the failed change in Mode was from the Weekly Mode, the Bonds of such series will remain in the Weekly Mode, in each case with interest rates established in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Ordinance described above on and as of the failed Mode Change Date. If the failed change in Mode was from the Term Rate Mode at the end of the Interest Period for such Bonds, such Bonds will be purchased on the Mandatory Purchase Date occurring at the end of the Mode or at the end of the Interest Period for such Bonds (as described below under “The Bonds—Tenders—Mandatory Purchase at End of Interest Period for Term Rate Mode”) and will bear interest commencing on the Mandatory Purchase Date as described in the Ordinance.

Rescission of Election. Notwithstanding anything described above under this heading “THE BONDS—CONVERSION OF BONDS TO ANOTHER MODE” to the contrary, the Company may rescind any election by it to adjust the Bonds of a series to, or in the case of a Term Rate Mode continue, a New Mode or the Fixed Rate Mode prior to the proposed Mode Change Date by giving written notice thereof to the City, the Trustee and the Remarketing Agent prior to such proposed Mode Change Date. If the notice of such rescission is given before the Owners of the Bonds have been notified of the mandatory purchase to occur on the Mode Change Date, then the Mode Change Notice will be deemed rescinded and of no force or effect. If the notice of such rescission is given after the Owners of the Bonds have been notified of the mandatory purchase to occur on the Mode Change Date or if the notice of rescission does not become effective for any reason, then the Bonds of such series will be in such Mode and bear such interest as described above in the immediately preceding paragraph.

REDEMPTION

As described below, the Company has the right to purchase Bonds in lieu of certain redemptions. All redemptions (and purchases in lieu of redemption) will be made in funds immediately available to the Owner on the redemption (or purchase) date and will be at a redemption (or purchase) price of 100% of the principal amount of the Bonds redeemed or purchased (together with any premium required to be paid as described below) plus interest accrued to the redemption (or purchase) date. Bonds tendered for purchase on a day after a call for redemption but before the redemption date will be purchased pursuant to the tender.

Optional Redemption of Bonds in the Term Rate Mode or the Fixed Rate Mode. The Series A Bonds and the Series B Bonds are not subject to optional redemption at the written direction of the Company prior to April 1, 2015. If the Series A Bonds or the Series B Bonds are converted to a different Term Rate Mode or to a Fixed Rate Mode on or after April 1, 2015, then the Bonds of such series in the Term Rate Mode or the Fixed Rate Mode are subject to optional redemption at the written direction of the Company, in whole, or in part in Authorized

Denominations, on any date, at the times (measured from the Mode Change Date) and at redemption prices set forth below plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date:

Length of Term Rate Mode or Fixed Rate Mode	Redemption Dates and Prices
Greater than 10 years	At any time on or after the 8th anniversary of the Mode Change Date at 101% declining 1% annually to 100%
Greater than 7 years and less than or equal to 10 years	At any time on or after the 5th anniversary of the Mode Change Date at 101% declining 1% annually to 100%
Greater than 5 years and less than or equal to 7 years	At any time on or after the 5th anniversary of the Mode Change Date at 100%
Equal to or less than 5 years	Not redeemable

The Company, in connection with any such change to a Term Rate or a Fixed Rate Mode, may specify in the notice required to be given with respect to the change to the Term Rate Mode or Fixed Rate Mode, as the case may be, redemption prices and periods other than those described above for Bonds not then called for redemption; provided, however, that such notice must be accompanied by a Favorable Opinion of Bond Counsel addressed to the City, the Trustee and the Remarketing Agent.

Optional Redemption of Commercial Paper Bonds. Bonds of a series in the Commercial Paper Mode are not subject to optional redemption prior to their respective Mandatory Purchase Dates. Bonds of a series in the Commercial Paper Mode are subject to optional redemption at the written direction of the Company in whole, or in part in Authorized Denominations, on their respective Mandatory Purchase Dates (i.e., the day next succeeding the last day of their respective current Interest Periods) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof to be redeemed.

Optional Redemption of Bonds in the Daily Mode or the Weekly Mode. Bonds of a series in the Daily Mode or the Weekly Mode are subject to optional redemption at the written direction of the Company, in whole, or in part in Authorized Denominations, on any date, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date.

Purchase of Bonds in Lieu of Redemption. When Bonds are called for optional redemption as described above, the Company may purchase some of or all of the Bonds called for redemption if it (or the Remarketing Agent) gives a written notice to the Trustee and the Remarketing Agent, if applicable, not later than the day before the redemption date that it wishes to purchase the Bonds the principal amount of which is specified in the notice at a Purchase Price equal to the redemption price and furnishes the Trustee sufficient remarketing proceeds (or as otherwise permitted under the Ordinance) in sufficient time for the Trustee to make the purchase

on the redemption date. Any such purchase of Bonds by the Company will not be deemed to be a payment or redemption of the Bonds or any portion thereof and will not operate to extinguish or discharge the indebtedness evidenced by the Bonds so purchased.

Extraordinary Optional Redemption of Bonds in the Term Rate Mode or the Fixed Rate Mode. Bonds of a series in the Term Rate Mode or the Fixed Rate Mode will be redeemed by the City in whole, but not in part, at any time, upon the exercise by the Company of its option to prepay the Purchase Installments in whole pursuant to the Agreement, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption, upon the occurrence of any of the following events:

- (i) all or substantially all of the Project is damaged or destroyed and the Company determines that it is not practicable or desirable to rebuild, repair and restore the Project;
- (ii) all or substantially all of the Project is condemned or such use or control thereof is taken by eminent domain as to render the Project unsatisfactory to the Company for continued operation;
- (iii) unreasonable burdens or excessive liabilities are imposed upon the City or the Company with respect to the Project or the operation thereof; or
- (iv) all or substantially all of the property of the Company is transferred or sold to any corporation other than an affiliate of the Company or the Company is consolidated with or merged into a corporation other than an affiliate of the Company in such manner that the Company is not the surviving corporation.

Bonds of a series in the Term Rate Mode or the Fixed Rate Mode will also be subject to optional redemption, in whole or in part, on any date at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof to be redeemed plus accrued interest, if any, to the date of redemption, if the Company delivers to the Trustee a written certificate (i) to the effect that by reason of a change in use of the Project or any portion thereof, the Company has been unable, after reasonable effort, to obtain an Opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that a court, in a properly presented case, should decide that Section 150 of the Code (or successor provision of similar import) does not prevent that portion of the Purchase Installment payable under the Agreement attributable to interest on the Bonds from being deductible by the Company for federal income tax purposes, (ii) specifying that as a result of its inability to obtain such Opinion of Bond Counsel, the Company has elected to prepay amounts due under the Agreement equal to the redemption price of the Bonds to be so redeemed, and (iii) specifying the principal amount of Bonds which the Company has determined to be necessary to be so redeemed in order for the Company to retain its right to such interest deductions (which principal amount of Bonds will be so redeemed).

Mandatory Redemption on Determination of Taxability. On any date not later than the 180th day following the occurrence of a Determination of Taxability, the Bonds will be redeemed at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest, if any, to the redemption date in whole, or in part if the Trustee and the City receive an

Opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that the redemption of a specified portion of the Bonds Outstanding would have the result that interest payable on the Bonds remaining Outstanding after such redemption would be Tax-Exempt to any holder or Beneficial Owner of a Bond (other than a holder or Beneficial Owner who is a “substantial user” of the facilities refinanced with the proceeds of the Bonds or a “related person” within the meaning of Section 103(b)(13) of the 1954 Code), upon which opinion the Trustee and the City may rely, and in such event the Bonds will be redeemed (in Authorized Denominations) in such amount as Bond Counsel in such opinion has determined is necessary as to accomplish that result. Upon a Determination of Taxability, the Trustee will give notice of such redemption as provided in the Ordinance.

Selection of Bonds for Redemption. If not otherwise provided in the Ordinance, whenever less than all the Outstanding Bonds are to be redeemed on any one date; the Trustee, unless directed otherwise by the Company as provided in the Ordinance, will select the Bonds of a series to be redeemed from the Outstanding Bonds of such series by lot, or in such other manner as the Trustee deems fair; provided, that the Trustee will first select the following Bonds of a series for redemption in the following order of priority: first, any Bonds of such series held by the Trustee for the account of the Company and, second, any undelivered Bonds of such series, if the Company has offered to purchase all Bonds of such series in lieu of redemption. The Trustee, or the Company, as the case may be, will make the selection from Bonds of such series not previously called for redemption. For this purpose, each Bond in a denomination larger than the minimum Authorized Denomination at the time will be considered to be separate Bonds each in the minimum Authorized Denomination.

Notice of Redemption. Except as otherwise provided in the Ordinance, the Trustee will give notice of the redemption of any Bonds of a series to be redeemed, as described above, upon receipt of notice from the Company, which notice must be given to the Trustee not less than five Business Days prior to the date notice of redemption must be given by the Trustee to the Owners of the Bonds to be redeemed as provided in the next succeeding paragraph (unless the Company and the Trustee agree to a shorter period).

Except as otherwise provided in the Ordinance, notice of redemption will be given by mail by the Trustee to the City, the Remarketing Agent and the Owners of any Bonds of a series designated for redemption in whole or in part at the addresses shown on the registration books not less than 15 days (20 days if the Bonds of such series to be redeemed are in the Term Rate Mode or the Fixed Rate Mode) nor more than 60 days prior to the redemption date. Each notice of redemption will state the redemption date, the redemption price, the redemption place and manner of payment, the principal amount, the series of Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed, the distinctive numbers (including CUSIP numbers) of the Bonds, and that on said date there will become due and payable on each of said Bonds the principal amount thereof to be redeemed, interest accrued thereon to the redemption date and the premium, if any, thereon (such premium to be specified) and that thereafter interest ceases to accrue and that the holders of said Bonds will cease to be entitled to any lien, benefit or security under the Ordinance. The failure to mail such notice with respect to any Bond will not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any other Bond with respect to which notice was so mailed.

With respect to any notice of optional redemption of Bonds of a series, unless, upon the giving of such notice, such Bonds are deemed to have been paid within the meaning of the

Ordinance, such notice may state (if so directed by the Company) that such redemption is conditional upon the receipt by the Trustee on or prior to the date fixed for such redemption of moneys sufficient to pay the principal of, and premium, if any, and interest on, such Bonds to be redeemed, and that if such moneys are not so received said notice will be of no force and effect and the Trustee will not be required to redeem such Bonds. In the event that such notice of redemption contains such a condition and such moneys are not so received, the redemption will not be made and the Trustee will within a reasonable time thereafter give notice, in the manner in which the notice of redemption was given, that such moneys were not so received.

Any notice mailed as described above will be conclusively presumed to have been given, whether or not actually received by any Owner. If a Bond is presented to the Trustee for transfer after notice of redemption of such Bond has been mailed as provided in the Ordinance and described above, the Trustee will deliver a copy of such notice of redemption to the new Owner of such Bond.

Partial Redemption of Bonds. Upon surrender of any Bond redeemed in part only, the Trustee will provide a replacement Bond in a principal amount equal to the portion of such Bond not redeemed and deliver it to the registered owner thereof. The Bond so surrendered will be cancelled by the Trustee. The City, the Company and the Trustee are fully released and discharged from all liability to the extent of payment of the redemption price for such partial redemption.

Effect of Redemption. If notice of redemption has been duly given as described above and moneys for payment of the redemption price are being held by the Trustee, the Bonds so called for redemption will, on the redemption date designated in such notice, become due and payable at the redemption price specified in such notice, interest on the Bonds so called for redemption will cease to accrue, said Bonds will cease to be entitled to any lien, benefit or security under the Ordinance, and the holders of said Bonds will have no rights in respect thereof except to receive payment of the redemption price thereof. If such moneys are invested, they must be invested upon the specific written direction of the Company only in Permitted Investments having a maturity of 30 days or less and maturing not later than the redemption date.

All Bonds redeemed as described in the above provisions will be cancelled by the Trustee upon surrender thereof and a certificate of such cancellation will be delivered to the City and the Company by the Trustee.

TENDERS

Optional Tenders of Bonds in the Daily Mode or the Weekly Mode. Subject to the provisions of the Book-Entry Only System described below under “THE BONDS—BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM,” the Owners of Bonds in a Daily Mode or a Weekly Mode may elect to have their Bonds (or portions of those Bonds in amounts equal to an Authorized Denomination) purchased on any Business Day at a price equal to the Purchase Price, (i) in the case of Bonds in a Daily Mode, upon delivery of an irrevocable notice of tender to the Remarketing Agent by Electronic Means acceptable to the Remarketing Agent not later than 11:00 A.M., New York City time, on the Purchase Date specified by the Owner; and (ii) in the case of Bonds in a Weekly Mode, upon delivery to the Remarketing Agent of an irrevocable written notice of tender

or irrevocable notice of tender by Electronic Means acceptable to the Remarketing Agent, promptly confirmed in writing to the Trustee, not later than 4:00 P.M., New York City time, on a Business Day not less than seven days before the Purchase Date specified by the Owner in such notice. Such notices of tender must state the CUSIP number, Bond number and the principal amount of such Bond and that such Bond will be purchased on the Purchase Date specified above. The Bond must be delivered by the Owners (with all necessary endorsements) at or before 12:00 Noon, New York City time, on the Purchase Date at the office of the Trustee; provided, however, that payment of the Purchase Price will be made only if the Bond so delivered to the Trustee conforms in all respects to the description thereof in such notice. Payment of the Purchase Price will be made to the Owners of tendered Bonds by wire transfer of immediately available funds by the Trustee by the close of business on the Purchase Date. An Owner who gives the notice of tender as described above may repurchase the Bonds so tendered on such Purchase Date if the Remarketing Agent agrees to sell the Bonds so tendered to such Owner. If such Owner decides to repurchase such Bonds and the Remarketing Agent agrees to sell the specified Bonds to such Owner, the delivery requirements described above will be waived.

Mandatory Purchase at End of Commercial Paper Rate Periods. Each Commercial Paper Bond will be subject to mandatory purchase on the Mandatory Purchase Date for the current Interest Period applicable to such Bond (i.e., the day next succeeding the last day of the Interest Period for such Bond) at a Purchase Price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest, if any, to the Purchase Date. Subject to the provisions of the Book-Entry Only System, Bonds to be so purchased are required to be delivered by the Owners (with all necessary endorsements) to the office of the Trustee at or before 12:00 Noon, New York City time, on such Mandatory Purchase Date, and payment of the Purchase Price will be made by wire transfer of immediately available funds by the Trustee by the close of business on such Purchase Date. No notice of this mandatory purchase will be given to the Owners. If any such Mandatory Purchase Date is also a Mode Change Date for the series of Bonds of which such Commercial Paper Bond is a part, the Commercial Paper Bonds of such series will be purchased pursuant to the provisions described in this paragraph and not the immediately succeeding paragraph.

Mandatory Purchase on Mode Change Date. (a) Bonds of a series to be changed from one Mode to another Mode (other than a change to the Fixed Rate Mode, which procedures are described in paragraph (b) below) are subject to mandatory purchase on the Mode Change Date at a Purchase Price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest, if any, to the Purchase Date, plus, if such Mode Change Date occurs earlier than the date originally designated because the Company elects to end a Term Rate Mode or a Fixed Rate Mode on a day on which Bonds in such Term Rate Mode or Fixed Rate Mode, as applicable, are subject to optional redemption at the direction of the Company as described herein, any redemption premium that would have been payable on such Redemption Date. Subject to the provisions of the Book-Entry Only System, Bonds so purchased are required to be delivered by the Owners (with all necessary endorsements) to the office of the Trustee at or before 12:00 Noon, New York City time, on the Mode Change Date and payment of the Purchase Price will be made by the Trustee by wire transfer of immediately available funds by the close of business on the Mode Change Date. The Trustee will give notice of such mandatory purchase by mail to the Owners of the Bonds subject to mandatory purchase not less than 15 days prior to the Mode Change Date,

except that such notice will be given 20 days prior to the Mode Change Date if the Bonds of such series are then in the Fixed Rate Mode or the Term Rate Mode and the Mode Change Date is occurring prior to the end of the current Interest Period as described above in this paragraph. The notice will state the Mode Change Date and that it is a Mandatory Purchase Date, the Purchase Price, the series designation of the Bonds and that interest on Bonds subject to mandatory purchase will cease to accrue from and after such Mandatory Purchase Date provided funds for such purpose are on deposit with the Trustee on such Date. The failure to mail such notice with respect to any Bond will not affect the validity of the mandatory purchase of any other Bond with respect to which notice was so mailed. Any notice mailed will be conclusively presumed to have been given, whether or not actually received by any Owner.

(b) Bonds of a series to be changed to the Fixed Rate Mode are subject to mandatory purchase on the Mode Change Date at a Purchase Price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest, if any, to the Purchase Date, plus, if such Mode Change Date occurs earlier than the date originally designated because the Company elects to end a Term Rate Mode or a Fixed Rate Mode on a day on which Bonds in such Term Rate Mode or Fixed Rate Mode, as applicable, are subject to optional redemption at the direction of the Company, any redemption premium that would have been payable on such Redemption Date. Subject to the provisions of the Book-Entry Only System, Bonds so purchased are required to be delivered by the Owners (with all necessary endorsements) to the office of the Trustee at or before 12:00 Noon, New York City time, on the Mode Change Date and payment of the Purchase Price will be made by the Trustee by wire transfer of immediately available funds by the close of business on the Mode Change Date. The Trustee will give notice of such mandatory purchase as part of the notice of change of Mode to be sent to the Owners as described above under “THE BONDS—CONVERSION OF BONDS TO ANOTHER MODE.”

Mandatory Purchase at End of Interest Period for Term Rate Mode. Bonds of a series in a Term Rate Mode will be subject to mandatory purchase on the day next succeeding the last day of the current Interest Period applicable to such Bonds at a Purchase Price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest, if any, to the Mandatory Purchase Date. Subject to the provisions of the Book-Entry Only System, Bonds so purchased are required to be delivered by the Owners (with all necessary endorsements) to the office of the Trustee at or before 12:00 Noon, New York City time, on such Mandatory Purchase Date, and payment of the Purchase Price will be made by wire transfer of immediately available funds by the Trustee by the close of business on such Mandatory Purchase Date. No notice of this mandatory purchase will be given to the Owners. If a Term Rate Mode is ended for a series of Bonds on a day on which such Bonds are subject to optional redemption at the direction of the Company, such Bonds will be subject to mandatory tender on the related Mode Change Date and not the provisions described in this paragraph.

Remarketing of Bonds. The Remarketing Agent is required to use its best efforts to offer for sale:

(a) all Bonds or portions thereof as to which notice of tender has been given as described above under “THE BONDS—TENDERS—Optional Tenders of Bonds in the Daily Mode or the Weekly Mode”;

(b) all Bonds required to be purchased pursuant to any mandatory purchase as described above; and

(c) subject to the provisions of the Ordinance, all Bonds purchased with money provided by the Company pursuant to the Agreement rather than remarketing proceeds.

Source of Funds for Purchase of Bonds. By the close of business on the Purchase Date or the Mandatory Purchase Date, as the case may be, the Trustee will purchase tendered Bonds from the tendering Owners at the Purchase Price by wire transfer of immediately available funds. Funds for the payment of such Purchase Price will be derived solely from the following sources in the order of priority indicated and neither the Trustee nor the Remarketing Agent is obligated to provide funds from any other source:

(a) immediately available funds representing the proceeds of the remarketing of Bonds by the Remarketing Agent on deposit in the Remarketing Proceeds Account established in the Purchase Fund created under the Ordinance; and

(b) unless otherwise required in the Ordinance that the Purchase Price be paid solely with remarketing proceeds, immediately available funds representing payments by the Company under the Agreement on deposit in the Company Purchase Account of the Purchase Fund.

Delivery of Purchased Bonds. On each Purchase Date or Mandatory Purchase Date, as the case may be, the Bonds are required to be delivered as follows:

(a) Subject to the provisions of the Book-Entry Only System, Bonds remarketed by the Remarketing Agent will be delivered by the Remarketing Agent to the purchasers of those Bonds by 3:00 P.M., New York City time; and

(b) Bonds purchased by the Trustee with moneys in the Company Purchase Account will be, at the written direction of the Company, (i) held by the Trustee, for the account of the Company, (ii) cancelled or (iii) delivered to the Company.

Undelivered Bonds. If Bonds to be purchased are not delivered by the Owners to the Trustee by 12:00 Noon, New York City time, on the Purchase Date or the Mandatory Purchase Date, as the case may be, the Trustee will hold any funds received for the purchase of those Bonds in trust in a separate account and will pay such funds to the former Owners of the Bonds upon presentation of the Bonds. Such undelivered Bonds will cease to be Outstanding and, therefore, to accrue interest as to the former Owners on the Purchase Date or the Mandatory Purchase Date, as the case may be, and moneys representing the Purchase Price will be available against delivery of those Bonds at the office of the Trustee. The Trustee will authenticate a replacement Bond of the same series for any undelivered Bond which may then be remarketed by the Remarketing Agent.

No Sales After Payment Default. Anything in the Ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding, if there has occurred and is continuing an Event of Default described in (i), (ii) or (iii) of the first paragraph below under “THE ORDINANCE—DEFAULTS AND REMEDIES,” the

Remarketing Agent will not remarket any Bonds; provided, that nothing described herein or in the Ordinance will be construed as prohibiting purchases by the Remarketing Agent of Bonds on any Purchase Date or Mandatory Purchase Date. If any Bond is remarketed by the Remarketing Agent while any other Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the Remarketing Agent is required to deliver notice of such default to such new Owner upon delivery of Bonds to such Owner.

Purchase Fund. There has been established with the Trustee a separate fund maintained by it and known as the City of Farmington, New Mexico Pollution Control Refunding Revenue Bonds (Southern California Edison Company Four Corners Project) 2005 Series A and B Purchase Fund (the "Purchase Fund"). There have been established separate accounts within the Purchase Fund known as the "Remarketing Proceeds Account" and the "Company Purchase Account" and the Trustee also has established a separate subaccount for each series of Bonds within such Accounts.

(a) **Remarketing Proceeds Account.** Upon receipt of the proceeds of a remarketing of Bonds of a series, the Trustee will deposit such proceeds in the series subaccount of the Remarketing Proceeds Account for application to the Purchase Price of the Bonds of such series.

(b) **Company Purchase Account.** Upon receipt of money provided by the Company pursuant to the Agreement for the payment of the Purchase Price of Bonds of a series, the Trustee will deposit such proceeds in the series subaccount of the Company Purchase Account for application to the Purchase Price of the Bonds of such series to the extent that the moneys on deposit in the related series subaccount of the Remarketing Proceeds Account will not be sufficient. Any amounts deposited in the Company Purchase Account and not needed with respect to any Purchase Date or Mandatory Purchase Date for the payment of the Purchase Price of any Bonds will be immediately returned to the Company.

(c) **Investment.** Amounts held in the Remarketing Proceeds Account and the Company Purchase Account and any subaccount by the Trustee will be held uninvested and separate and apart from each other and from all other funds and accounts.

BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM

The following information concerning DTC and DTC's Book-Entry Only System has been obtained from DTC and contains statements that are believed to describe accurately DTC, the method of effecting book-entry transfers of securities distributed through DTC and certain related matters, but the City, the Company, the Underwriters and the Remarketing Agent take no responsibility for the accuracy of such statements.

Book-Entry System. DTC is acting as Securities Depository for the Bonds. One fully registered bond for each series in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds of such series has been deposited with DTC and registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee), or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a “banking organization” within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a “clearing corporation” within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a “clearing agency” registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments that DTC’s Participants (“Direct Participants”) deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants’ accounts. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation (“DTCC”). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly (“Indirect Participants”). The DTC Rules applicable to Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com and www.dtc.org (it being understood that information available at these websites is not incorporated herein by reference). So long as the Bonds are maintained in book-entry form with DTC, the following procedures will be applicable with respect to the Bonds.

Purchases of the Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC’s records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond (“Beneficial Owner”) is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants’ records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC’s partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC’s records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of the Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Trustee and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices will be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the City as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detailed information from the City or the Trustee, on the payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Trustee, the Company, the Underwriters, the Remarketing Agent or the City, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the City or the Trustee, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its Bonds purchased or tendered, through its Direct Participant, to the Trustee, and shall effect delivery of such Bonds by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in the Bonds, on DTC's records, to the Trustee. The requirement for physical delivery of Bonds in connection with a demand for purchase or a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records and followed by a book-entry credit of tendered Bonds to the Trustee's DTC account.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as Securities Depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the City or the Trustee. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor Securities Depository is not obtained, bond certificates are required to be delivered as described in the Ordinance (see “THE BONDS—BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM—Discontinuance of Book-Entry Only System” below). The Beneficial Owner, upon registration of certificates held in the Beneficial Owner’s name, will become the registered owner of the Bonds.

The City, upon the direction of the Company, may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor Securities Depository). In that event, bond certificates will be delivered as described in the Ordinance (see “THE BONDS—BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM—Discontinuance of Book-Entry Only System” below).

So long as Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC, is the registered owner of the Bonds, as nominee of DTC, references herein to the registered owners of the Bonds will mean Cede & Co. or such other name and will not mean the Beneficial Owners. Under the Ordinance, payments made by the Trustee to DTC or its nominee will satisfy the City’s obligations under the Ordinance and the Company’s obligations under the Agreement to the extent of the payments so made. Beneficial Owners will not be, and will not be considered by the City or the Trustee to be, and will not have any rights as, registered owners of Bonds under the Ordinance.

THE CITY, THE COMPANY, THE UNDERWRITERS, THE REMARKETING AGENT AND THE TRUSTEE WILL HAVE NO RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT, INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OR ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER OR ANY OTHER PERSON WITH RESPECT TO: (1) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT; (2) THE PAYMENT OF ANY AMOUNT DUE BY DTC TO ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR BY ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER IN RESPECT OF THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT (INCLUDING PREMIUM) OR REDEMPTION OR PURCHASE PRICE OF OR INTEREST ON THE BONDS; (3) THE DELIVERY OF ANY NOTICE BY DTC TO ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR BY ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WHICH IS REQUIRED OR PERMITTED TO BE GIVEN TO REGISTERED OWNERS UNDER THE TERMS OF THE ORDINANCE; (4) THE SELECTION OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS TO RECEIVE PAYMENT IN THE EVENT OF ANY PARTIAL REDEMPTION OF THE BONDS; OR (5) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC OR ANY PARTICIPANT AS REGISTERED OWNER.

As long as DTC (or any successor Securities Depository) or its nominee is the registered owner of the Bonds, the Trustee will send any notice of redemption or of proposed document amendments requiring consent of registered owners and any other notices required by the documents to be sent to registered owners only to such registered owner. Any failure of DTC to advise any Direct Participant, or of any Direct Participant or Indirect Participant to notify the Beneficial Owner, of any such notice and its content or effect will not affect the validity of the redemption of the Bonds called for redemption, the document amendment or any other action premised on that notice.

The City, the Company, the Trustee, the Underwriters and the Remarketing Agent cannot and do not give any assurances that DTC will distribute payments of debt service on the Bonds

made to DTC or its nominee as the registered owner or any redemption or other notices to the Participants, or that the Participants or others will distribute such payments or notices to the Beneficial Owners, or that they will do so on a timely basis, or that DTC will serve and act in the manner described in this Reoffering Circular.

According to DTC, the foregoing information concerning DTC has been provided for informational purposes only and is not intended to serve as a representation, warranty, or contract modification of any kind.

Discontinuance of Book-Entry Only System. The Ordinance provides that the Book-Entry Only System for registration of the ownership of the Bonds of a series in book-entry form may be discontinued at any time if: (1) after notice to the City or the Trustee, DTC determines to resign as Securities Depository for the Bonds of such series; or (2) after notice to DTC, the Trustee and the Remarketing Agent, the Company determines that a continuation of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or through a successor securities depository) for such series of Bonds is not in the best interests of the Company; or (3) after notice to the City or the Trustee, DTC determines that the current system of book-entry transfers through DTC does not permit DTC to act as a securities depository for the Bonds of such series during the time that Bonds are in a particular Mode. In each of such events (unless, in the cases described in clause (1) or (3) above, the Company appoints a successor securities depository), the Bonds of such series will be delivered in registered certificate form to such persons, and in such principal amounts, as may be designated by DTC, but without any liability on the part of the City, the Trustee or the Company for the accuracy of such designation. Whenever DTC requests the City and the Trustee to do so, the City and the Trustee will cooperate with DTC in taking appropriate action after reasonable notice to arrange for another securities depository to maintain custody of certificates evidencing the Bonds.

The City, at the request of the Company, hereafter may adopt, and the Trustee may accept, Supplemental Ordinances without notice to or consent of the Owners of any of the Bonds in order (i) to offer to the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds the option of receiving any Bonds in certificated form or (ii) to require the execution and delivery of certificated Bonds representing a portion or all of the Bonds, (A) if DTC ceases to serve as depository and no successor depository can be found to serve upon terms satisfactory to the Company, or (B) if the Company determines that it would be in its best interest or in the best interests of the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds that they obtain certificated Bonds; provided, that any such Supplemental Ordinance is in form reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee and the City.

If at any time DTC ceases to hold the Bonds, all references herein and in the Ordinance to DTC will be of no further force or effect.

The Trustee, the City and the Remarketing Agent may rely on information from DTC and its Participants as to the identity of, and the respective principal amount of Bonds beneficially owned by, the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds.

In the event that the Book-Entry Only System is discontinued, the principal or redemption price of and interest on the Bonds will be payable, and the Bonds will be issued in the Authorized Denominations, in the manner described above under the caption “THE BONDS—

GENERAL.” All Bonds will be transferable or exchangeable by the Owner, in person or by the Owner’s attorney duly authorized in writing, at the office of the Trustee in the registration books required to be kept by the Trustee pursuant to the provisions of the Ordinance, upon surrender of such Bonds accompanied by delivery of a duly executed written instrument of transfer or exchange in a form approved by the Trustee. Whenever any Bond or Bonds are surrendered for registration of transfer or exchange, the Trustee will execute and deliver a new Bond or Bonds of Authorized Denominations of the same series and aggregate principal amount as the Bonds so surrendered, except that the Trustee may require the payment by any Owner requesting such registration of transfer or exchange of any tax or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such transfer or exchange.

Except in connection with any purchase of Bonds by the Company in lieu of redemption as described above, during the Term Rate Mode and the Fixed Rate Mode for a series of Bonds, neither the City or the Trustee will be required to register the transfer or exchange of (i) any such Bonds during the period commencing on the date ten days prior to the date of redemption of such Bonds or (ii) any such Bonds after such Bonds (or any portion thereof) have been selected for redemption.

THE INSTALLMENT SALE AGREEMENT

The following is a summary of certain provisions of the Agreement. This summary does not purport to be complete, comprehensive or definitive and is not to be considered a full statement of the terms of the Agreement and accordingly is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Agreement and is subject to the full text thereof.

PAYMENTS

The Company has been making, and has agreed to make, Purchase Installments in amounts sufficient to pay the principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds when due. The Company has also agreed to pay to the Trustee, on each day on which a payment of a Purchase Price of a Bond which has been tendered (or deemed tendered) becomes due, an amount which, together with other moneys held by the Trustee under the Ordinance and available therefor, will enable the Trustee to make such payment in full in a timely manner. In addition, the Company has agreed to pay fees and expenses of the Trustee and the City. The Company has the option, and in certain circumstances the obligation, to prepay all or a portion of the Purchase Installments in certain circumstances or upon the occurrence of certain events involving the redemption of the Bonds.

To secure and provide for the payments of Purchase Installments when they become due, the Company issued and delivered to the Trustee, concurrently with the issuance of the Bonds, its Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds and has covenanted under the Agreement to maintain the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds in place during the term of the Agreement. Payments of Purchase Installments made by the Company will be considered to be a satisfaction, to such extent, of its obligation to make corresponding payments on the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds. The Company has agreed that upon the occurrence and continuation of an Event of Default under the Ordinance as described below in clause (iii) of the first paragraph under “THE

ORDINANCE — DEFAULTS AND REMEDIES,” the Trustee may demand an immediate mandatory redemption of the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds.

UNCONDITIONAL OBLIGATION

The Company’s obligations to make payments pursuant to the Agreement and the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds and to perform and observe the other agreements on its part contained in the Agreement are absolute and unconditional, irrespective of any defense (including lack of, or defect in, title to the Project) or any rights of set-off, recoupment or counterclaim it might otherwise have against the City. During the term of the Agreement, the Company must pay absolutely all the Purchase Installments and all other payments required under the Agreement, free of any deductions and without abatement, diminution or set-off. Until such time as the principal of and premium, if any, and interest on all of the Bonds have been fully paid (or provision for the payment thereof has been made as required by the Ordinance), the Company (i) will not suspend or discontinue any Purchase Installments, any Purchase Price payments that have become due or any payments under the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds; (ii) will perform and observe all of its other covenants contained in the Agreement and in the Ordinance; and (iii) except as provided in the Agreement, will not terminate the Agreement for any cause, including, without limitation, the occurrence of any act or circumstances that may constitute failure of consideration, destruction of or damage to the Project, commercial frustration of purpose, any change in the tax or other laws of the United States of America or of the States of California or New Mexico or any political subdivision of either of these, or any failure of the City or the Trustee to perform and observe any covenant, whether express or implied, or any duty, liability or obligation arising out of or connected with the Agreement or the Ordinance.

TAX MATTERS

General. The Company has agreed that it has not taken or permitted to be taken, or omitted to take, and will not take or permit to be taken, or omit to take, any action the taking or omission of which will cause the interest on the Bonds to be includable in the federal gross income of the holders or Beneficial Owners thereof (except a person who is a “substantial user” of the facilities refinanced with proceeds of the Bonds or a “related person” within the meaning of Section 103(b)(13) of the 1954 Code).

Without limiting the generality of the preceding paragraph, the Company has covenanted and agreed that, if any change in the use of the Project (or any portion thereof) has occurred which would, without the taking of the appropriate remedial action, result in the interest on the Bonds being included in the gross income of the holders or Beneficial Owners thereof for purposes of federal income taxation (any such change in use, with such result, being hereinafter called a “Disqualifying Change in Use”), the Company will take any and all actions necessary or required in order that interest on the Bonds will not be included in gross income of the holders or Beneficial Owners thereof for purposes of federal income taxation (other than a holder or Beneficial Owner who is a “substantial user” of the Project or a “related person” within the meaning of Section 103(b)(13) of the 1954 Code).

Status of Plant and Project. The co-tenancy agreement among the owners of the Plant by its terms expires in 2016, subject to extension.

At the request of the United States Environmental Protection Agency (the “EPA”) under the Clean Air Act, as amended, the operator of the Plant is performing analyses which may indicate that additional air pollution control equipment may be required at the Plant. Until the EPA issues a final determination, the Company cannot predict what additional air pollution control equipment may be required or the cost thereof.

However, under current California law the Company may be prohibited from making long-term investments in generating facilities that do not meet specified emission control standards (which, as so specified, must equal the performance of a combined-cycle gas turbine generator). Thus, current California law may prohibit the Company from contributing to investments in pollution control facilities at the Plant that are required under federal law.

In view of the potential requirements of federal law and the prohibitions of California law referred to above, and taking into account the scheduled expiration of the co-tenancy agreement, the Company has offered to sell its interest in the Plant to the other co-owners and could offer it to other parties. The co-tenancy agreement provides that, if it is not extended by unanimous consent by the then current owners prior to its expiration, the Plant will no longer be operated and will be decommissioned.

The Company believes that, due, among other things, to the character of the Project, it is unlikely that a Disqualifying Change in Use of the Project would occur whether the Company’s interest in the Plant were transferred to another party or the Plant were decommissioned. The Company would expect to remain aware of the status of the Project after any transfer of its ownership interest, or during any process of decommissioning. However, there can be no assurance that a Disqualifying Change in Use would not occur during such period, and, if such Disqualifying Change in Use occurred, that the Company would learn about the Disqualifying Change in Use within the time limits necessary for taking the remedial action required in order to maintain the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds. For purposes of the covenants described under “THE INSTALLMENT SALE AGREEMENT—TAX MATTERS—General” above, the Company will be deemed to have taken or permitted or omitted to take any action which is taken or permitted or omitted by any subsequent owner of the Company’s interest in the Plant.

The Company cannot predict whether any other party will purchase the Company’s interest in the Plant or whether the Plant will continue in operation or be decommissioned.

CERTAIN ADDITIONAL COVENANTS OF THE COMPANY

Maintenance of Corporate Existence. The Company has agreed that, during the term of the Agreement, it will maintain its corporate existence, will continue to maintain its status as a corporation in good standing in the State of New Mexico, will not dissolve or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its assets, and will not combine or consolidate with or merge into another person or permit one or more persons to consolidate with or merge into it unless the surviving, resulting or transferee person assumes and agrees in writing to pay and perform all of

the obligations of the Company under the Agreement. The Company need not comply with any of the provisions described in the immediately preceding sentence if, at the time of such merger, combination, sale of assets, dissolution or reorganization, the Bonds will be defeased as provided in the Ordinance.

Maintenance and Repair, Taxes, Insurance and Other Charges. The Company has agreed to maintain the Project, or to cause the Project to be maintained, in as reasonably safe condition as its operations permit and in good repair and in good operating condition, ordinary wear and tear excepted. The Company has agreed also, subject to certain rights of contest, to pay or to cause to be paid all taxes, governmental charges of any kind lawfully assessed or levied upon the Project, all utility and other charges and all assessments and charges lawfully made by any governmental body for public improvements that may be secured by a lien on the Project. The Company agrees to maintain insurance (which may include self-insurance) with respect to the Project and the Company's activities related thereto against such risks, and in such amounts, as are consistent with the insurance practices of the Company.

Assignments. The rights and obligations of the Company under the Agreement may be assigned by the Company to any person in whole or in part; provided (i) that no assignment, except for an assignment described in "THE INSTALLMENT SALE AGREEMENT—CERTAIN ADDITIONAL COVENANTS OF THE COMPANY—Maintenance of Corporate Existence" above, will relieve the Company from primary liability for any of its obligations under the Agreement, including its obligation to maintain the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds and the Company Indenture in full force and effect, (ii) the Company will retain such rights and interests as will permit it to perform its obligations under the Agreement, and any assignee must assume in writing the obligations of the Company to the extent of the interest assigned, (iii) the City and the Trustee will be furnished a true and complete copy of such assignment together with an instrument of assumption and an opinion of counsel satisfactory to the City that the requirements described in this paragraph have been complied with, and (iv) the Company will, on the effective date of such assignment, cause to be delivered to the City and the Trustee an opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that such assignment does not adversely affect the Tax-Exempt status of interest on the Bonds.

DEFAULTS

Any one of the following which occurs and continues will constitute an "Event of Default" under the Agreement:

(i) Failure by the Company to pay any Purchase Installment at the times specified in the Agreement; or

(ii) Failure by the Company to pay any Purchase Price of a Bond at the times specified in the Agreement; or

(iii) Failure of the Company to observe and perform any covenant, condition or agreement required by the Agreement to be observed or performed by the Company, other than making the payments referred to in (i) and (ii) above, which continues for a period of 30 days after written notice, which notice must specify such failure and request

that it be remedied, given to the Company by the City or the Trustee, unless the City, the Trustee agree in writing to an extension of such time; provided, however, that if the failure stated in the notice cannot be corrected within such period, the City and the Trustee will not unreasonably withhold their consent to an extension of such time if corrective action is instituted within such period and diligently pursued until the default is corrected; or

(iv) An Event of Default under the Ordinance.

The provisions of (iii) above are subject to the limitation that the Company will not be deemed in default if and so long as the Company is unable to carry out its agreements under the Agreement by reason of strikes, lockouts or other industrial disturbances; acts of public enemies; orders of any kind of the government of the United States, of the Navajo Nation or of the State of New Mexico or any of their departments, agencies, or officials, or any civil or military authority; insurrections; riots; epidemics; landslides, lightning; earthquake; fire; hurricanes; storms; floods; washouts; droughts; arrests; restraint of government and people; civil disturbances; explosions, breakage or accident to machinery, transmission pipes or canals; partial or entire failure of utilities; or any other cause or event not reasonably within the control of the Company, the settlement of strikes, lockouts and other industrial disturbances being entirely within the discretion of the Company, and the Company will not be required to make settlement of strikes, lockouts and other industrial disturbances by acceding to the demands of the opposing party or parties when such course is, in the judgment of the Company, unfavorable to the Company.

Whenever any Event of Default under the Agreement has occurred and continues,

(a) The Trustee, by written notice to the Company, is required to declare the unpaid balance of the Purchase Installments in respect of the Bonds to be due and payable immediately, provided that concurrently with such notice the unpaid principal amount of the Bonds has become immediately due and payable;

(b) The Trustee may have access to and may inspect, examine and make copies of the books and records and any and all accounts and data of the Company relating to the Project; and

(c) The City or the Trustee may, but is under no obligation to, take whatever action at law or in equity as may be necessary or desirable to collect the payments and other amounts then due and thereafter to become due or to enforce performance and observance of any obligation, agreement or covenant of the Company under the Agreement.

In case proceedings are pending for the bankruptcy or for the reorganization of the Company under the federal bankruptcy laws or any other applicable law, or in case a receiver or trustee has been appointed for the property of the Company or in the case of any other similar judicial proceedings relative to the Company, or the creditors or property of the Company, then the Trustee will be entitled and empowered, by intervention in such proceedings or otherwise, to file and prove a claim or claims for the whole amount owing and unpaid pursuant to the Agreement and in case of any judicial proceedings, to file such proofs of claim and other papers

or documents as may be necessary or advisable in order to have the claims of the Trustee allowed in such judicial proceedings relative to the Company, its creditors or its property, and to collect and receive any moneys or other property payable or deliverable on any such claims, and to distribute such amounts as provided in the Ordinance after the deduction of its charges and expenses.

AMENDMENTS, CHANGES AND MODIFICATIONS

Except as otherwise provided in the Agreement or the Ordinance, the Agreement may not be effectively amended, changed, modified, altered or terminated without the written consent of the Trustee. See “THE ORDINANCE—AMENDMENTS TO THE AGREEMENT” herein.

TERM OF AGREEMENT

The Agreement will continue in effect as long as any of the Bonds are Outstanding under the Ordinance or the Trustee holds any moneys under the Ordinance, whichever is later. All representations, covenants and certifications by the Company as to all matters affecting the Tax-Exempt status of the Bonds will survive the termination of the Agreement.

THE ORDINANCE

The following is a summary of certain provisions of the Ordinance. This summary does not purport to be complete, comprehensive or definitive and is not to be considered a full statement of the terms of the Ordinance and accordingly is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Ordinance and is subject to the full text thereof.

ASSIGNMENT OF AGREEMENT; PLEDGE OF REVENUES

Pursuant to the Ordinance, all rights, titles and interests of the City under the Agreement (except for certain rights to receive payment of expenses and to indemnification), including the right to receive Purchase Installments, have been assigned and pledged to the Trustee to secure the punctual payment of the principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds.

All of the Revenues and the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds have been irrevocably pledged to the punctual payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds and such Revenues and such Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds may not be used for any other purpose while any of the Bonds remain Outstanding. Said pledge constitutes a first lien on such Revenues for the payment of the Bonds in accordance with the terms of the Ordinance.

APPLICATION OF THE BOND FUND

The Bond Fund, into which the accrued interest from the proceeds of the sale of the Bonds, if any, and the Purchase Installments are required to be deposited, will be maintained with the Trustee. The accrued interest from each series of the Bonds, if any, will be deposited into the related account within the Bond Fund, and all payments under the Agreement with respect to a particular series of Bonds will be deposited into the account for such series of Bonds. Except as otherwise provided in the Ordinance, while any Bonds are Outstanding, moneys in the Bond Fund will be used solely for the payment of the principal of, and premium, if any, and

interest on, the Bonds as the same become due and payable at maturity, upon redemption or otherwise. The Trustee is required to deposit into the Bond Fund all Purchase Installments it receives.

DEFAULTS AND REMEDIES

Each of the following events constitutes an “Event of Default” with respect to the Bonds under the Ordinance:

- (i) Failure to make payment of any installment of interest upon any Bond when the same becomes due and payable;
- (ii) Failure to make due and punctual payment of the principal of and premium, if any, on any Bond at the stated maturity thereof or upon redemption;
- (iii) Failure to make due and punctual payment of the Purchase Price of any Bond pursuant to the Ordinance;
- (iv) The occurrence of an “Event of Default” under the Agreement;
- (v) Default by the City in the performance or observance of any other of the covenants, agreements or conditions on its part in the Ordinance or in the Bonds contained, and the continuance of such default for a period of 30 days after written notice thereof, specifying such default and requiring the same to be remedied, has been given to the City and the Company by the Trustee, or to the City, the Company and the Trustee by the Holders of not less than 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds at the time Outstanding; or
- (vi) A “default” by the Company on any of its First Mortgage Bonds, as set forth in the Company Indenture.

No default described in (v) above will constitute an Event of Default unless the City and the Company have failed to correct such default within the applicable period; provided, however, that if the default is such that it cannot be corrected within such period, it will not constitute an Event of Default if corrective action is instituted by the City or the Company within the applicable period and diligently pursued until the default is corrected. With regard to any alleged default concerning which notice is given to the Company under the provisions described above, the City has granted to the Company under the Ordinance the full power to do any and all things and acts to the same extent that the City could do and perform any such things and acts and with power of substitution.

Upon the occurrence and continuation of an Event of Default described in (iii) above, the Trustee may, by notice to the First Mortgage Trustees, demand an immediate mandatory redemption of the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds as provided therein.

Upon the occurrence and continuance of an Event of Default under the Ordinance, and upon the condition that, in accordance with the terms of the Company Indenture, the First Mortgage Bonds issued and outstanding thereunder have become immediately due and payable

pursuant to any provision of the Company Indenture or the mandatory redemption of the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds has been demanded by the Trustee pursuant to the Ordinance as described in the immediately preceding paragraph, the Bonds will, without further action, become and be immediately due and payable, anything in the Ordinance or in the Bonds to the contrary notwithstanding, and the Trustee will give notice thereof in writing to the City and the Company, and notice to the Bondholders in the same manner as a notice of redemption under the Ordinance. The amount so immediately due and payable upon the Bonds will be (i) the principal amount thereof plus (ii) interest accrued thereon to such date.

The preceding paragraph, however, is subject to the condition that if the acceleration of the First Mortgage Bonds, or the demand for the mandatory redemption of the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds, as the case may be, has been rescinded and annulled, the automatic acceleration of the Bonds under the Ordinance will be automatically rescinded and annulled without further action of the Trustee.

In the event the Trustee recovers any moneys following an Event of Default, such moneys are required to be applied (except as otherwise provided in the Ordinance): (i) first, to the payment of all the Trustee's fees and expenses, including for the services of counsel, agents and employees properly engaged and employed, and all other expenses and liabilities incurred, and any advances made pursuant to the provisions of the Ordinance with interest on all such advances at the rate of 10% per annum, (ii) second, in case the principal of none of the Bonds has become due and remains unpaid, to the payment of any interest in default in order of the maturity thereof, ratably and proportionately to the persons entitled thereto without discrimination or preference, and (iii) third, in case the principal of any of the Bonds has become due by declaration of acceleration or otherwise and remains unpaid, to the payment of the principal of all Bonds then due and unpaid, then to the payment of interest in default in order of maturity thereof, and then to the payment of the premium thereon, if any; in every instance such payment to be made ratably to the persons entitled thereto without discrimination or preference.

SUPPLEMENTAL ORDINANCES

The City, without the consent of, or notice to, any of the Holders of the Bonds, may adopt, and the Trustee may accept, Supplemental Ordinances: (i) to add to the covenants and agreements of the City contained in the Ordinance, or to assign or pledge additional security for the Bonds, or to surrender any right or power reserved or conferred upon the City in the Ordinance, provided such change does not materially adversely affect the interests of the holders of the Bonds; (ii) to cure any ambiguity or correct or supplement any defective provision under the Ordinance which does not materially adversely affect the interests of the holders of the Bonds; (iii) to permit qualification of the Ordinance under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939 or similar federal statute, provided such change does not materially adversely affect the interests of the holders of the Bonds; (iv) to provide for the procedures required to permit any holder of a Bond, at its option, to utilize an uncertificated system of Bond registration and which does not materially adversely affect the interests of the holders of the Bonds; (v) to make any other change, which in the judgment of the Trustee, is not to the prejudice of the Trustee and which does not materially adversely affect the interests of the holders of the Bonds; (vi) to comply with the requirements of Moody's or S&P, as applicable, as a condition of rating, or maintaining an existing rating on, the Bonds, provided such change is not materially adverse to the interests of

the holders of the Bonds; (vii) to provide for (or subsequently modify) an additional Mode for the Bonds and the provisions relating thereto; (viii) to provide for the delivery of Bonds in book-entry form and as provided in the Ordinance; (ix) to grant to the Trustee for the benefit of the Owners additional rights, remedies, powers or authority; (x) to subject to the Ordinance additional collateral; (xi) to permit the qualification of the Bonds for sale under the securities laws of any state of the United States; (xii) to authorize different Authorized Denominations of the Bonds and to make correlative amendments and modifications to the Ordinance regarding exchangeability of Bonds of different Authorized Denominations, redemptions of portions of Bonds of particular Authorized Denominations and similar amendments and modifications of a technical nature; (xiii) to evidence the succession of a new Trustee or the appointment by the Trustee, with the consent of the Company, of a co-trustee; (xiv) to make any change that does not materially adversely affect the rights of any Owner; or (xv) to make any change necessary, desirable or appropriate to secure the Bonds with bond insurance, a line of credit, liquidity facility, standby bond purchase agreement and/or other similar security for the Bonds.

The holders of not less than 66-2/3% in aggregate principal amount of the then Outstanding Bonds (provided, however, that if there is more than one series of Bonds Outstanding and if a proposed Supplemental Ordinance directly affects the rights of the holders of one or more series of Bonds, but less than all of such series, then the consent only of the holders of not less than 66-2/3% in aggregate principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds of all series so directly affected will be required) will have the right to consent to and approve the execution by the City and the acceptance by the Trustee of Supplemental Ordinances which add any provisions to, change in any manner or eliminate any of the provisions of, the Ordinance or of any Supplemental Ordinance; provided, however, without the consents of the holders of all Bonds then Outstanding, no such Supplemental Ordinance may (i) extend the fixed maturity of, reduce the principal amount of, reduce the rate or extend the time of payment of interest on, or reduce any premium payable on redemption of, any Bond, or (ii) reduce the aforesaid percentage of holders of Bonds whose consent is required for the execution of such Supplemental Ordinances, or (iii) extend the time of payment or reduce the amount of any payment, or (iv) permit the creation of any lien on the Revenues prior to or on a parity with the lien of the Ordinance, or (v) permit the creation of any preference of any Bondholder over any other Bondholder, or (vi) deprive the holders of the Bonds of the lien created by the Ordinance on the Revenues, or (vii) extend the due date for the purchase of Bonds tendered by the Owners or subject to mandatory purchase or reduce the Purchase Price of such Bonds. Upon receipt by the Trustee of a certified copy of any such Supplemental Ordinance, and upon the filing with the Trustee of evidence of the consent of Bondholders, the Trustee will accept such Supplemental Ordinance by execution unless such Supplemental Ordinance affects the Trustee's own rights, duties or immunities under the Ordinance, in which case the Trustee may in its discretion, but is not be obligated to, accept such Supplemental Ordinance.

If at any time the City requests the Trustee to enter into any Supplemental Ordinance described in the immediately preceding paragraph, the Trustee will cause notice of the proposed adoption of such Supplemental Ordinance to be given to each Bondholder in substantially the manner provided with respect to redemption of Bonds. Such notice will be prepared by the Company and will briefly set forth the nature of the proposed Supplemental Ordinance.

It will not be necessary for the consent of the Bondholders to approve the particular form of any proposed Supplemental Ordinance, but it will be sufficient if such consent approves the substance thereof.

Promptly after the adoption by the City and the acceptance by the Trustee of any Supplemental Ordinance, the Trustee will mail a notice, to be prepared by the Company, setting forth in general terms the substance of such Supplemental Ordinance, to each Bondholder at the address contained in the registration books maintained by the Trustee. Any failure of the Trustee to give such notice, or any defect therein, will not, however, in any way impair or affect the validity of any such Supplemental Ordinance.

No Supplemental Ordinance will become effective unless and until the Company consents to the execution and delivery of such Supplemental Ordinance. The Company will be given prior written notice of the proposed execution and delivery of any Supplemental Ordinance.

AMENDMENTS TO THE AGREEMENT

The City and the Company may, with the consent of the Trustee, but without the consent of or notice to the Bondholders, amend, change or modify the Agreement as may be (i) required by the provisions of the Agreement and the Ordinance, (ii) for the purpose of curing any ambiguity or formal defect or omission, (iii) in connection with any other change which, in the judgment of the Trustee, is not to the prejudice of the Trustee or materially adverse to the Bondholders, or (iv) to comply with the requirements of Moody's or S&P as a condition of rating, or maintaining an existing rating on, the Bonds, provided such change is not materially adverse to the interests of the Owners of any of the Bonds. Except for the amendments, changes or modifications as provided in the preceding sentence, the City and the Trustee may not consent to any amendment, change or modification of the Agreement without the consent of the holders of not less than 66-2/3% in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding (provided, however, that if there is more than one series of Bonds Outstanding and if a proposed amendment, change or modification to the Agreement directly affects the rights of the holders of one or more series of Bonds, but less than all of such series, then the consent only of the holders of not less than 66-2/3% in aggregate principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds of all series so directly affected will be required); provided, however, that the foregoing will not permit or be construed as permitting without the consent of the holders of 100% in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding (a) an extension of the time of payment of any Purchase Installment or Purchase Price payment, or (b) a reduction in the amount of any payment or in the total payment of any Purchase Installment or Purchase Price payment payable under the Agreement, or (c) a change in the requirements of the Agreement with respect to the maintenance of the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds.

OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL; TRUSTEE CONSENT

Anything in the Ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding, no Supplemental Ordinance or amendment, change or modification to the Agreement will become effective unless there has been delivered to the Trustee an opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that such complies with the provisions of the Ordinance and does not adversely affect the Tax-Exempt status of interest

on the Bonds. The Trustee is required under the Ordinance to consent to any Supplemental Ordinance or amendment, change or modification to the Agreement provided such opinion of Bond Counsel is so delivered and provided such does not adversely affect the rights, duties, liabilities or immunities of the Trustee. If it does, the Trustee may, but need not, consent to it.

DISCHARGE OF ORDINANCE

If the entire indebtedness on all Bonds Outstanding has been paid and discharged:

(a) by the payment of the principal of (including redemption premium, if any) and interest on Bonds Outstanding, as and when the same become due and payable; or

(b) by the delivery to the Trustee, for cancellation by it, of all Bonds Outstanding;

and if all other sums payable under the Ordinance by the City have been paid and discharged, then the Ordinance will cease, terminate and become null and void, and the Trustee will, upon Written Request of the City, and upon receipt by the Trustee of a certificate of the Company and an Opinion of Bond Counsel, each stating that in the opinion of the signers all conditions precedent to the satisfaction and discharge of the Ordinance have been complied with, execute proper instruments acknowledging satisfaction of and discharging the Ordinance.

Notwithstanding the satisfaction and discharge of the Ordinance or the discharge of the Ordinance in respect of any Bonds, those provisions of the Ordinance relating to the maturity of the Bonds, interest payments and dates thereof, tender for purchase provisions, exchange and transfer of Bonds, replacement of mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Bonds, the safekeeping and cancellation of Bonds, nonpresentment of Bonds and the duties of the Trustee in connection with all of the foregoing, will remain in effect and will be binding upon the City, the Trustee and the Owners of the Bonds and the Trustee will continue to be obligated to hold in trust any moneys or investments then held by the Trustee for the payment of the principal of, redemption price and interest on the Bonds, to pay to the Owners of Bonds the funds so held by the Trustee as and when such payment becomes due.

Any Bond or Authorized Denomination thereof will be deemed to be paid within the meaning of the Ordinance when (a) payment of the principal of and premium, if any, on such Bond or Authorized Denomination thereof, plus interest thereon to the due date thereof (whether such due date is by reason of maturity or upon redemption) either (i) has been made or caused to be made in accordance with the terms thereof, or (ii) has been provided for by irrevocably depositing with the Trustee in trust and irrevocably setting aside exclusively for such payment (1) moneys sufficient to make such payment and/or (2) Permitted Investments described in (a) of the definition thereof, maturing as to principal and interest in such amount and at such time as will insure, without reinvestment, the availability of sufficient moneys, in the opinion of an accountant, banker or other expert reasonably acceptable to the Trustee, to make such payment, and (b) all necessary and proper fees, compensation and expenses of the Trustee pertaining to any such deposit have been paid or the payment thereof provided for to the satisfaction of the Trustee; provided that, if such Bonds are to be redeemed prior to the maturity thereof, notice of such redemption must have been given or irrevocable provisions satisfactory to the Trustee must

have been made for giving such notice. At such times as a Bond or Authorized Denomination thereof is deemed to be paid, such Bond or Authorized Denomination thereof will no longer be secured by or entitled to the benefits of the Ordinance, except for the purposes of transfer and exchange and any such payment from such moneys or Permitted Investments.

Notwithstanding the above-described Ordinance provisions, because the provisions of the Bonds and the Ordinance relating to tenders for purchase remain in effect upon the discharge of the Ordinance as described therein, only Bonds then bearing interest at Commercial Paper Rates, Term Rates and Fixed Rates may be deemed to have been paid with a deposit as described in clause (ii) of the immediately preceding paragraph and only if tenders for purchase pursuant to the Ordinance cannot occur between the deposit date and the due date for payment thereof for which such moneys and/or Permitted Investments have been set aside.

The City or the Company may at any time surrender to the Trustee for cancellation by it any Bonds previously authenticated and delivered which the City or the Company lawfully may have acquired in any manner whatsoever, and such Bonds, upon such surrender and cancellation, will be deemed to be paid and retired.

THE SERIES 2005 FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

The following description discusses the general terms and provisions of the Company's First Mortgage Bonds, including the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds. The Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds have been issued under the Company Indenture.

The Company Indenture contains the full legal text of the matters described in this section. Because this section is a summary, it does not describe every aspect of the First Mortgage Bonds or the Company Indenture. This summary is subject to and qualified by all the provisions of the Company Indenture, including definitions of terms used in the Company Indenture. A copy of the Company Indenture may be obtained upon request to the Company, or through the Internet, as described in APPENDIX A.

GENERAL

Before issuing the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds, the Company specified the terms of the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds through a board or executive committee resolution, an officer's action, or a supplemental indenture. The Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds were issued in the principal amount and mature on the Maturity Date of the Bonds and bear interest at the same rate or rates, payable at the same times, as the Bonds. The Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds are registered in the name of and owned and held by the Trustee for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and are not transferable except to a successor Trustee under the Ordinance.

In the event of the mandatory redemption, unconditional optional redemption, or acceleration of the Bonds, the Company is required to redeem the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds in a principal amount equal to the principal amount of the Bonds to be paid.

The Company's obligation to make any payment of the principal of or premium, if any, or interest on the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds, whether at maturity, upon redemption or

acceleration, or otherwise, will be reduced by the amount of any reduction under the Ordinance of the corresponding payment of principal of, premium if any, or interest on the Bonds.

SECURITY

The Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds, as to the security afforded by the Company Indenture, are secured equally and ratably with all the Company's other First Mortgage Bonds by a legally valid first lien or charge on substantially all of the property and franchises now owned by the Company (with exceptions and exclusions noted below). Such lien and the Company's title to its properties are subject to the terms of franchises, licenses, easements, leases, permits, contracts and other instruments under which properties are held or operated, statutes and governmental regulations, liens for taxes and assessments, and liens of the First Mortgage Trustees. In addition, such liens and the Company's title to its properties are subject to other liens, prior rights and other encumbrances, none of which, with minor or insubstantial exceptions, affects from a legal standpoint the security for the First Mortgage Bonds or the Company's rights to use such properties in its business, unless the matters with respect to the Company's interest in the Four Corners Generating Station and the related easement and lease referred to in the following paragraph may be so considered.

The Company's rights and the rights of the First Mortgage Trustees in the Four Corners Generating Station in northern New Mexico, located on land of the Navajo Nation under an easement from the United States and a lease from the Navajo Nation, may be subject to possible defects, including possible conflicting grants or encumbrances not ascertainable because of the absence of or inadequacies in the applicable recording law and the record systems of the Bureau of Indian Affairs and the Navajo Nation, the Company's possible inability to resort to legal process to enforce the Company's rights against the Navajo Nation without Congressional consent, possible impairment or termination under certain circumstances of the easement and lease by the Navajo Nation, Congress, or the Secretary of the Interior, and the possible invalidity of the Company Indenture lien against the Company's interest in the easement, lease, and improvements at the Four Corners Generating Station. The Company cannot predict what effect, if any, such possible defects may have on the Company's interest in the Four Corners Generating Station.

The Company Indenture provides that property hereafter acquired (other than excepted kinds noted below) is to become subject to the lien of the Company Indenture. Such property may be subject to prior liens and other encumbrances.

Properties excepted from the lien of the Company Indenture include cash, accounts receivable, deposits, bills and notes, contracts, leases under which the Company is lessor, securities not specifically required to be pledged, office equipment, vehicles, and all materials, supplies and electric energy acquired or produced for sale, consumption or use in the ordinary conduct of business.

SPECIAL TRUST FUND

The Company is required to deposit in a special trust fund with The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee, on each May 1 and November 1, cash equal to 1-1/2%

(subject to redetermination by agreement between the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A, as trustee) of the aggregate principal amount of the First Mortgage Bonds and underlying bonds then outstanding (excluding certain bonds and underlying bonds, such as bonds called for redemption), less certain amounts paid or credited in respect of underlying bonds. The term “underlying bonds” is defined in the Company Indenture to mean any securities or other evidence of indebtedness secured by property subsequently acquired by the Company. Amounts in the special trust fund may, in general, be paid out for payment, redemption (at the redemption prices, including applicable premiums, set forth in the First Mortgage Bonds and subject to the limitation on refunding applicable to various series) or purchase of First Mortgage Bonds or underlying bonds, or to reimburse the Company for the acquisition of certain additional properties. The foregoing deposit requirement has not affected the Company’s cash flow, because the cash deposited has been simultaneously offset by its payment to the Company to reimburse it for the acquisition of additional properties. Thus, there currently are no funds on deposit in the special trust fund.

ISSUE OF ADDITIONAL FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

In general, additional First Mortgage Bonds, ranking equally and ratably with the then-outstanding First Mortgage Bonds, may be issued in principal amounts equal to the lesser of (i) the amount authorized under the net earnings test described below and (ii) the sum of the following:

- (a) Certain First Mortgage Bonds and underlying bonds acquired, redeemed or otherwise retired.
- (b) Cash deposited to pay or redeem First Mortgage Bonds or underlying bonds.
- (c) 66-2/3% of the net amount of additional property constructed or acquired by the Company and not theretofore used for other purposes under the Company Indenture, subject to certain restrictions.
- (d) Cash deposited in an advance construction account with The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee (in certain events with such trustee’s consent), to be withdrawn to reimburse the Company for 66-2/3% of unbonded additional property.

As of February 28, 2010, there were no First Mortgage Bonds acquired, redeemed or otherwise retired against which bonds might be issued under the Company Indenture pursuant to clause (a) above. The net amount of additional property against which First Mortgage Bonds might be issued under the Company Indenture pursuant to clause (c) above was approximately \$17.6 billion, resulting in the ability to issue \$11.7 billion of first mortgage bonds pursuant to clause (c) (i.e. \$17.6 billion x .6666 = \$11.7 billion). As of February 28, 2010, the Company had approximately \$6.4 billion of First Mortgage Bonds outstanding (including \$927 million of First Mortgage Bonds issued to secure pollution control bonds and such amount includes \$393 million of pollution control bonds that the Company repurchased but which remain outstanding). In March 2010, the Company issued \$500 million in principal amount of First Mortgage Bonds.

Furthermore, in addition to the Company Indenture's bondable property requirement described in clause (c) above, the Company Indenture also provides that additional First Mortgage Bonds may not be issued unless the Company's net earnings (as defined) for twelve months shall have been at least two and one-half times (2.5x) the Company's total annual First Mortgage Bond interest charge. At December 31, 2009, under the net earnings test the Company could issue \$14.5 billion of additional First Mortgage Bonds (based on net earnings as of December 31, 2009). Notwithstanding the net earnings requirement, additional First Mortgage Bonds may be issued under the provisions referred to in (a) and (b) above under some circumstances involving, among other things, issuance of First Mortgage Bonds not bearing a higher interest rate than the First Mortgage Bonds to be retired, issuance of First Mortgage Bonds to pay or redeem First Mortgage Bonds maturing within two years, and issuance of First Mortgage Bonds on the basis of acquisition, redemption or other retirement of underlying bonds. Additional First Mortgage Bonds may not be issued under the provisions referred to in paragraphs (c) and (d) above during any period when indebtedness secured by a prior lien on acquired utility property has not been established as underlying bonds.

Other than the security afforded by the lien of the Company Indenture and restrictions on the issuance of additional bonds described above, there are no provisions of the Company Indenture which afford holders of the First Mortgage Bonds protection against the Company increasing the Company's ratio of total debt to total "bondable" assets.

DEFAULTS AND OTHER PROVISIONS

The Company Indenture provides that the following are defaults:

- default in payment of principal;
- default for 60 days in payment of interest or satisfaction of the special trust fund obligation;
- default under the Company's covenants and conditions in the Company Indenture or in the First Mortgage Bonds for 60 days after notice by The Bank of New York, as trustee;
- certain acts of bankruptcy and certain events in bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or reorganization proceedings; and
- the Company's failure to discharge or stay within 60 days any judgment against the Company for the payment of money in excess of \$100,000.

A California court may not strictly enforce certain of the Company's covenants contained in the Company Indenture or the First Mortgage Bonds or allow acceleration of the due date of the First Mortgage Bonds if it concludes that such enforcement or acceleration would be unreasonable under the then existing circumstances. However, acceleration would be available if an event of default occurs as a result of a material breach of a material covenant contained in the Company Indenture or the First Mortgage Bonds.

The Company Indenture and the Trust Indenture Act of 1939 require the Company to file with the First Mortgage Trustees documents and reports with respect to the absence of default and compliance with the terms of the Company Indenture annually and upon the authentication and delivery of additional First Mortgage Bonds, the release of cash or property, the satisfaction and discharge of the Company Indenture, or any other action requested to be taken by the First Mortgage Trustees at the Company's request.

The holders of a majority in principal amount of outstanding First Mortgage Bonds may require the First Mortgage Trustees to enforce the lien of the Company Indenture upon the happening (and continuance for the prescribed grace period, if any) of any of the defaults referred to above, and upon the indemnification of the First Mortgage Trustees to their reasonable satisfaction.

CONCERNING THE FIRST MORTGAGE TRUSTEES

The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A and certain of its affiliates act as trustees for the Company's senior debt securities and certain pollution control bonds issued on the Company's behalf, including the Bonds. The Company maintains bank deposits with The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. and may borrow money from the bank from time to time.

Neither by the Company Indenture nor otherwise are the First Mortgage Trustees restricted from dealing in the First Mortgage Bonds as freely as though they were not the First Mortgage Trustees. However, the Trust Indenture Act provides that if a trustee acquires or has acquired a conflicting interest, as defined in the Trust Indenture Act, and a default under the indenture occurs or has occurred, such trustee must within 90 days following the default eliminate such conflict, cure the default, or resign. The Trust Indenture Act provides that a trustee with an uncured conflict of interest will not be required to resign if it can show that the conflict will be cured or the default waived within a reasonable time and a stay of its duty to resign is not inconsistent with the interests of the holders of the outstanding securities. In certain cases, the Company Indenture and the Trust Indenture Act require the First Mortgage Trustees to share the benefit of payments received as a creditor after the beginning of the third month prior to a default.

MODIFICATION OF THE COMPANY INDENTURE

The holders of 80% in principal amount of all First Mortgage Bonds outstanding may authorize release of trust property, waive defaults and authorize certain modifications of the Company Indenture. However, the Company's obligation to pay principal and interest will continue unimpaired; and such modifications may not include, among other things, modifications giving any First Mortgage Bonds preference over other First Mortgage Bonds or authorizing any lien prior to that of the Company Indenture. In addition, modifications of rights of any series require the assent of the holders of 80% in principal amount of the First Mortgage Bonds of that series.

THE TRUSTEE

There will at all times be a Trustee under the Ordinance which will be a bank, national association or trust company, organized and doing business under the laws of the United States or any State or the District of Columbia and authorized under such laws to exercise corporate trust powers, having a combined capital and surplus of at least \$75,000,000 and subject to supervising or examination by state or national authorities. If such bank, national banking association or trust company publishes a report of condition at least annually, pursuant to law or to the requirements of any supervising or examining authority above referred to, then for the purposes of the Ordinance the combined capital and surplus of such bank, national banking association or trust company will be deemed to be its combined capital and surplus as set forth in its most recent report of condition so published.

The Trustee may at any time resign by giving written notice to the City and the Company; provided, however, that any such resignation will not be effective until a successor Trustee has been appointed and has accepted such appointment. Upon receiving such written notice of resignation, the City, at the direction of the Company (provided that the Company is not in default under the Agreement), will appoint a successor Trustee by an instrument in writing.

The Trustee may be removed at any time by an instrument or concurrent instruments in writing delivered to the Trustee, to the City and to the Company, and signed by the owners of a majority in aggregate principal amount of Outstanding Bonds. In addition, the Trustee may be removed, upon written notice from the City, at the direction of the Company (provided that the Company is not in default under the Agreement), to the Trustee. Upon any such removal, the City, at the direction of the Company (provided that the Company is not in default under the Agreement), or such Bondholders, as the case may be, will appoint a successor Trustee. If no successor Trustee has been so appointed and accepted appointment within 30 days after the giving of such notice of resignation or removal, the Trustee resigning or being removed may petition at the expense of the Company any court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor Trustee.

The City authorized and directed the Trustee under the Ordinance, and the Trustee agrees, to take such actions as the Trustee determines are necessary to realize moneys under the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds as necessary to make timely payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds to the extent other moneys in the Bond Fund are not available for such payment.

The Trustee, as holder of the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds, will attend meetings of bondholders under the Company Indenture or deliver its proxy in connection therewith. So long as no Event of Default under the Ordinance has occurred and is continuing, either at such meeting, or otherwise when the consent of the holders of the First Mortgage Bonds issued under the Company Indenture is sought without a meeting, the Trustee will vote as the holder of the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds, or will consent with respect thereto, proportionately with what the Trustee reasonably believes will be the vote or consent of the holders of all other outstanding First Mortgage Bonds voting or consenting; provided, however, that if (i) the Company has proposed one or more modifications to the Company Indenture and (ii) each

Rating Agency has indicated in writing that such modification or modifications would not result in a withdrawal or a reduction of the ratings on the First Mortgage Bonds of the Company issued under the Company Indenture, the Trustee will vote as holder of the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds or will consent in writing with respect thereto, to approve, adopt and consent to such modification or modifications; and provided further, that the Trustee will not vote in favor of, or consent to, any modification of the Company Indenture which is of such a character or nature as would require the approval of the owners of the Bonds were such modification to be made to the Ordinance without the approval of the owners of Bonds which would be required for a correlative modification of the Ordinance. Where the direction to the Trustee described in this paragraph is not applicable, the Trustee is authorized under the Ordinance to act with respect to the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds as otherwise permitted or required by the Ordinance.

REOFFERING

The Underwriters have agreed, jointly and severally, subject to certain conditions, to purchase the Bonds at a purchase price of 100% of the principal amount thereof. The Company has agreed to pay the Underwriters compensation of \$1,017,300 and to reimburse the Underwriters for certain reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. The Underwriters have agreed to purchase all Bonds if any are purchased. The Company has agreed to indemnify the Underwriters against certain liabilities or to contribute to any payments required to be made by the Underwriters relating to such liabilities, including liabilities under the federal securities laws. The Underwriters may offer and sell Bonds to certain dealers (including dealers depositing Bonds into investment trusts) and others at prices lower than the offering price stated on the cover page of this Reoffering Circular. After the initial public reoffering, the public offering price of the Bonds may be changed from time to time by the Underwriters.

Each of the Underwriters and/or their affiliates engages in transactions with and performs investment banking and other services for the Company and its affiliates from time to time in the ordinary course of business.

Morgan Stanley, parent company of Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, an underwriter of the Bonds, has entered into a retail brokerage joint venture with Citigroup Inc. As part of the joint venture, Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated will distribute municipal securities to retail investors through the financial advisor network of a new broker-dealer, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC. This distribution arrangement became effective on June 1, 2009. As part of this arrangement, Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated will compensate Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC for its selling efforts with respect to the Bonds.

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The consolidated financial statements and related schedule of the Company included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, incorporated by reference in this Reoffering Circular, have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as indicated in their report with respect thereto, and are incorporated herein by reference in reliance upon such report.

TAX EXEMPTION

FEDERAL TAX MATTERS

In the opinion of Greenberg Traurig, LLP, Bond Counsel, under existing statutes, regulations, rulings and court decisions and assuming continuing compliance with certain covenants and the accuracy of certain representations and certifications, (1) interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes, except for interest on any Bond for any period during which that Bond is held by a “substantial user” or a “related person” as those terms are used in Section 103(b)(13) of the 1954 Code, and (2) interest on the Bonds is not an item of tax preference for the purpose of computing the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals and corporations and is not taken into account in determining adjusted current earnings for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on certain corporations. Bond Counsel will express no opinion as to any other tax consequences regarding the Bonds.

The opinion of Bond Counsel with respect to federal tax matters will be based on, and will assume the accuracy of certain representations and certifications and compliance with, certain covenants of the City and the Company to be contained in the transcript of proceedings and that are intended to evidence and assure that under present law the Bonds are and will remain obligations the interest on which is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Bond Counsel will not independently verify the accuracy of those representations and certifications.

The 1954 Code and the Code prescribe a number of qualifications and conditions for the interest on state and local government obligations to be and to remain excludable from gross income of the owners thereof for federal income purposes under present law, some of which require future or continued compliance in order for the interest to be and to remain so excludable from the date of issuance of the obligations. Noncompliance with these requirements by the City or the Company may cause the interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes and thus to be subject to federal income tax retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds. The City and the Company have covenanted to take the actions required of them for the interest on the Bonds to be and to remain excludable from gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes under present law, and not to take any actions that would adversely affect that excludability.

Except as described above, Bond Counsel will express no opinion regarding the federal income tax consequences resulting from the ownership of, receipt or accrual of the interest on, or disposition of the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should be aware that the ownership of the Bonds may result in other collateral federal tax consequences, including (i) the denial of a deduction for interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry the Bonds, or in the case of a financial institution, that portion of the owner’s interest expense allocable to interest on a Bond, (ii) the reduction of the loss reserve deduction for property and casualty insurance companies by fifteen percent (15%) of certain items, including the interest on the Bonds, (iii) the inclusion of the interest on the Bonds in the earnings of certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States for purposes of a branch profits tax, (iv) the inclusion of the interest on the Bonds in the passive income subject to federal income taxation of

certain Subchapter S corporations with Subchapter C earnings and profits at the close of the taxable year, and (v) the inclusion in gross income of interest on the Bonds by recipients of certain Social Security and Railroad Retirement benefits. The nature and extent of the other tax consequences described above will depend on the particular tax status and situation of each owner of the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the impact of these other tax consequences.

Purchasers of the Bonds at other than their reoffering price indicated on the cover page of this Reoffering Circular should consult their own tax advisors regarding other tax considerations, such as the consequences of market discount.

From time to time, there are legislative proposals pending in Congress that, if enacted into law, could alter or amend one or more of the federal tax matters described above including, without limitation, the excludability from gross income of interest on the Bonds to the owners thereof, could adversely affect the market price or marketability of the Bonds, or could otherwise prevent the owners of the Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the status of the interest thereon. It cannot be predicted whether or in what form any such proposal may be enacted, or whether, if enacted, any such proposal would apply to the Bonds.

STATE TAX MATTERS

In the opinion of Bond Counsel, under the laws of the State of New Mexico, as presently enacted and construed, so long as interest on the Bonds is not included in gross income for federal income tax purposes, interest on the Bonds is not included in net income for purposes of the tax imposed on individuals, estates and trusts under the New Mexico Income Tax Act or the tax imposed on corporations under the New Mexico Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion with respect to any other taxes imposed by the State of New Mexico or any political subdivision thereof. Ownership of the Bonds may result in other New Mexico and local tax consequences to certain taxpayers and Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any such collateral consequences arising with respect to the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their tax advisors regarding the applicability of any such New Mexico and local tax consequences. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors as to the status of interest on the Bonds under the tax laws of any state other than New Mexico.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

Pursuant to SEC Rule 15c2-12, as amended (the “Rule”), and unless exempt thereunder, the issuer of municipal securities, or an obligated person, must undertake to provide certain annual financial and other information to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board through its Electronic Municipal Market Access System (“EMMA”) on an ongoing basis. The Company has agreed to comply with the requirements of the Rule with respect to the Bonds which include, among other things, entering into an undertaking to provide:

- (a) to EMMA a copy of the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for each fiscal year (or a notice incorporating the same by reference), or in the event that the

Company no longer files such reports with the SEC, such annual financial information and audited financial statements as will satisfy the Rule; and

(b) to EMMA notices of the occurrence of various events with respect to the Bonds, including, without limitation, defaults, the substitution of credit or liquidity facilities, adverse tax opinions or events affecting the tax-exempt status of the Bonds, modifications to rights of security holders, redemptions and defeasances, rating changes, and the failure to provide annual financial information.

See “AVAILABLE INFORMATION” and “INCORPORATION OF CERTAIN DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE” in APPENDIX A hereto.

The City is not an obligated person under the Rule and is not required to provide continuing disclosure information with respect to itself or the Bonds.

CERTAIN LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters will be passed upon by Greenberg Traurig, LLP, who has been retained by, and acts as Bond Counsel to, the Company with respect to the reoffering of the Bonds. The proposed form of the opinion of Bond Counsel is set forth as APPENDIX B to this Reoffering Circular. Bond Counsel has not been retained or consulted on disclosure matters and has not undertaken to review or verify the accuracy, completeness or sufficiency of this Reoffering Circular or other offering material relating to the Bonds and assumes no responsibility for the statements or information contained in or incorporated by reference in this Reoffering Circular, except that in its capacity as Bond Counsel, Greenberg Traurig, LLP has, at the request of the Underwriters, supplied the information under the heading “TAX EXEMPTION” and reviewed the statements describing its proposed opinion and under the captions “THE BONDS” (except information relating to DTC and its Book-Entry Only System), “THE INSTALLMENT SALE AGREEMENT” (except information therein under the subheading “—TAX MATTERS—Status of Plant and Project”) and “THE ORDINANCE” solely to determine whether such information is accurate in all material respects. This review was undertaken solely at the request and for the benefit of the Underwriters.

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Company by Barbara Mathews, Esq., Vice President, Associate General Counsel, Chief Governance Officer and Corporate Secretary of the Company. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Underwriters by Dewey & LeBoeuf LLP. Dewey & LeBoeuf LLP represents certain affiliates of the Company from time to time.

The California Public Utilities Code (the “Utilities Code”) requires (with certain exceptions) that the Company obtain authorization of the California Public Utilities Commission (“CPUC”) in order to issue securities, and provides that securities issued without such an order then in effect are void. Section 1708 of the Utilities Code further provides that the CPUC may at any time, upon notice and opportunity for hearing, rescind, alter or amend any order and that any order rescinding, altering or amending a prior order will have the same effect as an original order. The Company obtained an order of the CPUC authorizing the execution and delivery by the Company of the Agreement and the issuance and delivery by the Company of the Series 2005

First Mortgage Bonds. However, in recognition of the ambiguities in the Utilities Code, the legal opinion of Barbara E. Mathews, Esq. referred to above, which covers, among other things, the validity of the Company's obligations under the Agreement and the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds, is subject to her statement therein that no opinion is expressed as to the possible effect of Section 1708 of the Utilities Code. The Company believes that the CPUC has no reason to initiate proceedings to rescind, alter or amend the aforesaid financing order in any respect. Furthermore, the Company is not aware of any instance in which the CPUC has attempted to rescind, alter or amend a financing order in a manner that would adversely affect the validity of outstanding securities.

APPENDIX A

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON COMPANY

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

Southern California Edison Company (the “Company”) is subject to the informational requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), and in accordance therewith files reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”). Such reports, proxy statements and other information on file can be inspected and copied at the public reference facilities maintained by the Commission at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. Copies of this material can also be obtained at prescribed rates from the Commission at its principal office at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549, or at the Commission’s web site at <http://www.sec.gov>. In addition, reports, proxy statements and other information concerning the Company can be inspected at the American Stock Exchange or on the web site of the Company’s parent, Edison International, at <http://www.edison.com>.

INCORPORATION OF CERTAIN DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE

The Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 and the Current Reports on Form 8-K dated March 5 and March 11, 2010, filed with the Commission by the Company are incorporated by reference in this APPENDIX A to this Reoffering Circular.

All documents subsequently filed by the Company pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act prior to the termination of the reoffering of the Bonds shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference in this APPENDIX A to this Reoffering Circular and to be a part hereof from the date of filing such documents.

The Company hereby undertakes to provide without charge to each person to whom a copy of this Reoffering Circular has been delivered, on the written or oral request of any such person, a copy of any and all of the documents referred to above which have been or may be incorporated by reference in this APPENDIX A to this Reoffering Circular other than exhibits to such documents. The Company will also provide a copy of the Company Indenture upon request. Written requests for such copies should be directed to: Southern California Edison Company, P.O. Box 800, Rosemead, California 91770, Attention: Corporate Governance. Oral requests should be directed to 626-302-2662.

THE COMPANY

The Company was incorporated in 1909 under the laws of the State of California. The Company is a public utility primarily engaged in the business of supplying electric energy to a 50,000 square-mile area of central, coastal and southern California, excluding the City of Los Angeles and certain other cities. The Company’s service territory includes approximately 400 cities and communities and a population of more than 13 million people. The mailing address and telephone number of the Company are, respectively, P.O. Box 800, Rosemead, California 91770 and 626-302-1212.

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APPENDIX B

PROPOSED FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL

[Letterhead of Greenberg Traurig, LLP]

[To Be Dated Mode Change Date]

Southern California Edison Company
2244 Walnut Grove Avenue
Rosemead, California 91770

\$203,460,000

**City of Farmington, New Mexico
Pollution Control Refunding Revenue Bonds
(Southern California Edison Company Four Corners Project)
2005 Series A and B**

On March 23, 2005, the City of Farmington, New Mexico (the “City”) issued its Pollution Control Refunding Revenue Bonds (Southern California Edison Company Four Corners Project) 2005 Series A and B in the aggregate principal amount of \$203,460,000 (the “Bonds”). The Bonds were issued pursuant to the provisions of the Pollution Control Revenue Bond Act, Sections 3-59-1 to 3-59-14 NMSA 1978, as amended (the “Act”), for the purpose of refunding certain bonds heretofore issued by the City the proceeds of which were used to refinance costs to Southern California Edison Company, a California corporation (the “Company”), of acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, improving, maintaining, equipping or furnishing certain pollution control facilities at the Four Corners Generating Station located in San Juan County, New Mexico (the undivided interest of the Company in such pollution control facilities being the “Project”).

The Bonds were issued as fully registered Bonds in authorized denominations, dated March 23, 2005, maturing on April 1, 2029, bearing interest as determined from time to time in the manner set forth in the Bonds, and subject to tender for purchase and redemption prior to maturity at the times, in the manner and upon the terms set forth in the Authorizing Ordinance (as hereinafter defined). As provided in the Act, the Bonds and interest and premium, if any, thereon are special limited obligations of the City, and shall never constitute the debt or indebtedness of the City within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision or limitation and shall not constitute or give rise to a pecuniary liability of the City or a charge against its general credit or taxing powers.

Based on our examination of the proceedings of record of the City Council of the City preliminary to and in connection with the issuance of Bonds, representations and certifications of the City, public officials and others furnished to us without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation and such other matters as we deem appropriate and from an examination of the Act and such other laws as we deem appropriate, we are of the opinion that

under the laws of the State of New Mexico now in force the Bonds to the amount named are valid and legally binding special limited obligations of the City enforceable in accordance with their terms, subject to the qualification that the enforcement thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights generally or by general principles of equity.

Pursuant to an Installment Sale Agreement by and between the Company and the City, dated as of March 1, 2005 (the "Agreement"), the City agreed to use the proceeds from the sale of the Bonds for the purpose stated above, and the Company agreed to pay amounts representing purchase price installments for the Project which are at least sufficient to pay the principal of, and premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds when due, whether at stated maturity, call for redemption or acceleration. The Agreement (an executed counterpart of which has been examined by us) has, in our opinion, been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the City and, assuming the due authorization, execution and delivery thereof by the Company, is a valid and binding obligation of the City enforceable in accordance with its terms, subject to the qualification that the enforcement thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights generally or by general principles of equity.

We have also examined certified copies of (1) Ordinance No. 2005-1163 adopted by the City Council of the City on March 8, 2005 and pursuant to which the Bonds were issued (the "Authorizing Ordinance"), (2) Resolution No. 2005-1135 adopted by the City Council of the City on March 8, 2005 which supplements the Authorizing Ordinance and approves the plan of financing by the City pursuant to Section 147(f)(2)(A)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), (3) Ordinance No. 2010-1226 adopted by the City Council of the City on March 9, 2010 (the "First Supplemental Ordinance") which supplements and amends the Authorizing Ordinance, (4) evidence on the date hereof of the consent of the Company and of the holders of 100% in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding to the First Supplemental Ordinance and of the acceptance of the First Supplemental Ordinance by The Bank of New York Mellon (formerly The Bank of New York), as Trustee (the "Trustee"), and (5) various other proceedings of the City Council of the City and of the County Commission of San Juan County, New Mexico as we have deemed necessary and appropriate. Under the Authorizing Ordinance, the revenues and receipts derived by the City from the payment of purchase price installments by the Company under the Agreement, together with certain of the rights of the City thereunder, are pledged and assigned to the Trustee as security for the Bonds. From such examination, we are of the opinion that the proceedings of the City Council of the City referred to above show lawful authority for the adoption of the Authorizing Ordinance, the Resolution and the Supplemental Ordinance, and that the Authorizing Ordinance, as supplemented by the Resolution and the Supplemental Ordinance, is a valid and binding special limited obligation of the City, enforceable in accordance with its terms, subject to the qualification that the enforcement thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights generally or by general principles of equity.

It is our opinion that, subject to compliance by the City and the Company with certain covenants, under present law, (a) interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes, except for interest on any Bond for any period during which that Bond is held by a "substantial user" of the Project, or a "related person" as those terms are used in Section 103(b)(13) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended,

and (b) interest on the Bonds is not an item of tax preference for the purpose of computing the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals and corporations and is not taken into account in determining adjusted current earnings for the purpose of computing the alternative minimum tax imposed on certain corporations. Failure to comply with certain of such City and Company covenants could cause the interest on the Bonds to be included in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds. Ownership of the Bonds may result in other federal tax consequences to certain taxpayers, and we express no opinion regarding any such collateral consequences arising with respect to the Bonds.

We are also of the opinion that the Bonds have been validly issued under the Authorizing Ordinance and the Resolution and that the First Supplemental Ordinance is permitted under the Act and complies with Article X of the Authorizing Ordinance and will not impair the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for purposes of federal income taxation. In addition, it is our opinion that the form of Bonds authorized in the First Supplemental Ordinance is consistent with the First Supplemental Ordinance and will not adversely affect the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for purposes of federal income taxation.

It is our further opinion that, under the laws of the State of New Mexico as presently enacted and construed, so long as interest on the Bonds is not included in gross income for federal income tax purposes, interest on the Bonds is not included in net income for purposes of the tax imposed on individuals, estates and trusts under the New Mexico Income Tax Act or the tax imposed on corporations under the New Mexico Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act. We express no opinion with respect to any other taxes imposed by the State of New Mexico or any political subdivision thereof. Ownership of the Bonds may result in other New Mexico and local tax consequences to certain taxpayers and we express no opinion regarding any such collateral consequences arising with respect to the Bonds.

We express no opinion herein as to the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of the Reoffering Circular relating to the Bonds, dated March 23, 2010.

In rendering the opinions set forth above, we have relied upon certifications of the Company and the City with respect to certain material facts within the Company's and the City's knowledge. Our opinion represents our legal judgment based upon our review of the law and the facts that we deem relevant to render such opinion and is not a guarantee of a result. This opinion is given as of the date hereof and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention or any changes in law that may hereafter occur.

Respectfully submitted,

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APPENDIX C

CERTAIN DEFINITIONS

Unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms relating to the Bonds shall, as used in this Reoffering Circular, have the following meanings:

“Authorized Denominations” means (i) with respect to Bonds in a Term Rate Mode or a Fixed Rate Mode, \$5,000 and any integral multiple thereof and (ii) with respect to Bonds in a Commercial Paper Mode, a Daily Mode or a Weekly Mode, \$100,000 and any integral multiple of \$5,000 in excess thereof.

“Bond Counsel” means, on March 23, 2005, the firm that delivered the opinion that interest on the Bonds was not then includable in gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes (except as provided therein), and, thereafter, shall mean Greenberg Traurig, LLP or any attorney at law or firm of attorneys of nationally recognized standing in matters pertaining to the issuance of bonds by states and political subdivisions and the federal tax exemption of interest on bonds issued by states and political subdivisions, selected by the Company with the Written Consent of the City.

“Bondholder” or “Owner” or “owner” or “holder of Bonds” or “Holder” or “holder” means the person or persons in whose name or names a Bond is registered on the books of the City kept by the Trustee for that purpose in accordance with the terms of the Ordinance.

“Business Day” means a day on which the Trustee, the Remarketing Agent or banks or trust companies in New York, New York, are not authorized or required to remain closed and on which the New York Stock Exchange is not closed.

“Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the applicable Treasury regulations under it and, to the extent applicable to the Bonds or the Prior Bonds, the 1954 Code.

“Commercial Paper Bond” means any Bond of a series which is in the Commercial Paper Mode.

“Commercial Paper Mode” means the Mode during which the Bonds of a series bear interest at a Commercial Paper Rate or Rates.

“Commercial Paper Rate” means the interest rate (per annum) on any Bond of a series in the Commercial Paper Mode determined pursuant to the provisions of the Ordinance.

“Company” means Southern California Edison Company, and its successors and assigns, and any surviving, resulting or transferee corporation as provided in the Agreement.

“Company Indenture” means that certain Trust Indenture, dated as of October 1, 1923, between Southern California Edison Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. and D. G. Donovan, as successor trustees, as amended and supplemented.

“Daily Mode” means the Mode during which the Bonds of a series bear interest at the Daily Rate.

“Daily Rate” means the per annum interest rate for the Bonds of a series in the Daily Mode determined pursuant to the provisions of the Ordinance.

“Determination of Taxability” means a determination that the interest payable on any Bond is not Tax-Exempt to the holder or Beneficial Owner of such Bond (other than a holder or Beneficial Owner who is a “substantial user” of the facilities refinanced with the proceeds of the Bonds or a “related person” within the meaning of Section 103(b)(13) of the 1954 Code). Such determination will be deemed to have been made upon the date on which, due to the untruth or inaccuracy of any representation or warranty made by the Company in the Agreement, or in connection with the offer and sale of the Bonds, or the breach of any covenant or warranty of the Company contained in the Agreement, interest on the Bonds, or any of them, is determined not to be Tax-Exempt to the owners or Beneficial Owners thereof (other than an owner or Beneficial Owner who is a “substantial user” of the facilities refinanced with the proceeds of the Bonds or a “related person” within the meaning of Section 103(b)(13) of the 1954 Code) by a final administrative determination of the Internal Revenue Service or final judicial decision of a court of competent jurisdiction. A determination or decision will not be considered final for purposes of the preceding sentence unless (A) the holder or holders or Beneficial Owner or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds involved in the proceeding in which the issue is raised (i) has given the Company prompt notice of the commencement thereof and (ii) has offered the Company the opportunity to control the proceeding, provided the Company agrees to pay all expenses in connection therewith and to indemnify such holder or holders or Beneficial Owner or Beneficial Owners against all liability for such expenses (except that any such holder or Beneficial Owner may engage separate counsel, and the Company will not be liable for the fees or expenses of such counsel); and (B) such proceeding will not be subject to a further right of appeal or will not have been timely appealed.

“Electronic Means” means facsimile transmission, e-mail transmission or other similar electronic means of communication, including a telephonic communication confirmed by writing or written transmission.

“Favorable Opinion of Bond Counsel” means, with respect to any action the occurrence of which requires such an opinion, an unqualified Opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that such action is permitted under the Act and the Ordinance and will not impair the exclusion of interest on the Bonds of a series from gross income for purposes of federal income taxation (subject to the inclusion of any exceptions contained in the opinion delivered upon original issuance of the Bonds). In situations where a Favorable Opinion of Bond Counsel or an opinion of Bond Counsel is required or requested to be

delivered under the Ordinance or under the Agreement, the Trustee is required to accept (unless otherwise directed by the Company) an opinion (acceptable to the City as evidenced by a Written Consent of the City) in such form and with such disclosures as may be required so that such opinion will not be treated as a “covered opinion” for purposes of the Treasury Department regulations governing practice before the Internal Revenue Service (Circular 230), 31 CFR Part 10.

“First Mortgage Bonds” means the first and refunding mortgage bonds issued under and secured by the Company Indenture.

“First Mortgage Trustees” means The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. and D. G. Donovan, as successor co-trustees, or any successor trustee at the time serving under the Company Indenture.

“Fixed Rate” means the per annum interest rate for the Bonds of a series in the Fixed Rate Mode determined pursuant to the provisions of the Ordinance.

“Fixed Rate Bonds” means the Bonds of any series in the Fixed Rate Mode.

“Fixed Rate Mode” means the Mode during which all Bonds of a series bear interest at a Fixed Rate.

“Interest Accrual Period” means the period of time during which the Bonds of a series accrue the amount of interest (or, with respect to a series of Bonds in the Commercial Paper Mode, a Commercial Paper Bond accrues the amount of interest) which is payable on any Interest Payment Date applicable thereto. With respect to Bonds of a series in the Daily Mode, the Interest Accrual Period will commence on (and include) the first day of each month and will extend through (and include) the last day of such month; provided, that if such month is the month in which the Bonds are authenticated and delivered, or if the Bonds of such series are changed to the Daily Mode during such month, the Interest Accrual Period will commence on the date of authentication and delivery of the Bonds or the Mode Change Date for such series, as the case may be; provided, further, that if no interest has been paid on the Bonds of a series in the Daily Mode, interest will accrue from the date of original authentication and delivery of the Bonds or such Mode Change Date, as appropriate. With respect to the Bonds of a series in a Mode other than the Daily Mode, the Interest Accrual Period will commence on (and include) the last Interest Payment Date to which interest has been paid (or, if no interest has been paid on such Bonds in such Mode, from the date of original authentication and delivery of the Bonds, or the Mode Change Date for such series, as the case may be) to, but not including, the Interest Payment Date on which interest is to be paid. If, at the time of authentication of any Bond of a series, interest is in default or overdue on the Bonds of such series, such Bond will bear interest from the date to which interest has previously been paid in full or made available for payment in full on the Outstanding Bonds of such series.

“Interest Payment Date” means each date on which interest is to be paid and is: (i) with respect to a Commercial Paper Bond, the Mandatory Purchase Date for such

Bond occurring on the day next succeeding the last day of the Interest Period for such Bond; (ii) with respect to the Bonds of a series in the Daily Mode, the first Business Day of each month, (iii) with respect to the Bonds of a series in the Weekly Mode, the first Business Day of each month; (iv) with respect to the Bonds of a series in the Term Rate Mode, each Term Rate Interest Payment Date for such Bonds; (v) with respect to the Bonds of a series in the Fixed Rate Mode, each Stated Interest Payment Date (beginning with the first Stated Interest Payment Date that occurs after the commencement of the Fixed Rate Mode for such Bonds); and (vi) with respect to all Bonds of a series and without duplication as to any Interest Payment Date set forth above, (A) every Mode Change Date with respect to a series of Bonds, and (B) the Maturity Date.

“Interest Period” means, for a series of Bonds in a particular Mode (or for each Commercial Paper Bond), the period of time during which such Bonds bear (or such Commercial Paper Bond bears) interest at a specific numerical rate (per annum) which becomes effective at the beginning of such period. The Interest Period for the Bonds of a series in each Mode (or for each Commercial Paper Bond) is as follows:

(i) for each Bond of a series in the Commercial Paper Mode, the period of from one to 360 calendar days as established by the Remarketing Agent pursuant to the provisions of the Ordinance;

(ii) for the Bonds of a series in the Daily Mode, the period from (and including) the Mode Change Date upon which such Bonds are changed to the Daily Mode to (but excluding) the next Rate Determination Date for such Bonds, and thereafter the period from and including the current Rate Determination Date for such Bond to (but excluding) the next Rate Determination Date for such Bonds;

(iii) for the Bonds of a series in the Weekly Mode, the period from (and including) the Mode Change Date upon which such Bonds are changed to the Weekly Mode to (and including) the next Tuesday, and thereafter the period from (and including) each Wednesday to (and including) the next Tuesday;

(iv) for the Bonds of a series in the Term Rate Mode, the period from (and including) the Mode Change Date upon which such Bonds are changed to the Term Rate Mode to (and including) the last day of such period as established by the Company for such Bonds pursuant to the provisions of the Ordinance and, thereafter, the period from (and including) the beginning date of each successive interest rate period selected for such Bonds by the Company pursuant to the provisions of the Ordinance while they are in the Term Rate Mode to (and including) the ending date for such period selected for such Bonds by the Company; and

(v) for the Bonds of a series in the Fixed Rate Mode, the period from (and including) the Mode Change Date upon which such Bonds are changed to the Fixed Rate Mode to (but excluding) the Principal Payment Date or the Mode Change Date.

“Mandatory Purchase Date” means (i) as to each Bond in a Commercial Paper Mode, the day next succeeding the last day of the Interest Period for such Bond; (ii) as to the Bonds of a series in a Term Rate Mode, the day next succeeding the last day of the Interest Period for such Bonds; and (iii) as to the Bonds of a series in any Mode, any Mode Change Date for such Bonds.

“Maturity Date” means April 1, 2029.

“Maximum Rate” means, (i) while the Bonds of a series are in the Daily, Weekly or Commercial Paper Mode, the lesser of (a) 12% per annum, (b) the rate otherwise agreed to by the provider of any liquidity facility then in effect or (c) the maximum rate then permitted by applicable law; and (ii) while the Bonds of a series are in the Term Rate or Fixed Rate Mode, the lesser of (a) 12% per annum or (b) the maximum rate then permitted by applicable law.

“Mode” means, as the context may require, the Commercial Paper Mode, the Daily Mode, the Weekly Mode, the Term Rate Mode or the Fixed Rate Mode.

“Mode Change Date” means, with respect to a series of Bonds in a particular Mode, the day on which another Mode for such series of Bonds begins or, if the Bonds of such series are then in the Term Rate or Fixed Rate Mode, the day on which a new Interest Period in the Term Rate Mode begins or a new Fixed Rate Mode begins.

“Mode Change Notice” means the notice from the Company to the parties specified in the Ordinance (but not including the Owners) of the Company’s intention to change the Mode for a series of Bonds (or to change to a new Interest Period for such Bonds in the Term Rate Mode or to a new Fixed Rate Mode for such Bonds in the Fixed Rate Mode).

“Moody’s” means Moody’s Investors Service, Inc., a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Delaware, and its successors and assigns, except that if such corporation is dissolved or liquidated or no longer performs the functions of a securities rating agency, then the term “Moody’s” will be deemed to refer to any other nationally recognized securities rating agency selected by the Company.

“1954 Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, and the applicable Treasury Regulations under it.

“Opinion of Bond Counsel” means a written opinion of Bond Counsel.

“Opinion of Counsel” means a written legal opinion from a firm of attorneys experienced in the matters to be covered in the opinion.

“Outstanding,” when used as of a particular time with reference to the Bonds of a series, means (subject to the provisions of the Ordinance) all Bonds of such series delivered under the Ordinance except:

(i) Bonds cancelled by the Trustee or surrendered to the Trustee for cancellation;

(ii) Bonds paid and Bonds in lieu of or in substitution for which replacement Bonds have been authenticated and delivered by the Trustee under the Ordinance unless proof satisfactory to the Trustee and the Company is presented that such Bond is held by a bona fide holder in due course; and

(iii) Bonds deemed to have been paid within the meaning of the Ordinance as described herein under “THE ORDINANCE—DISCHARGE OF ORDINANCE.”

Bonds purchased by the Trustee on behalf of the Company or by the Company pursuant to optional tenders or mandatory purchases or in lieu of redemption under the Ordinance will continue to be Outstanding until the Company directs the Trustee in writing to cancel them. Bonds purchased pursuant to optional tenders or mandatory purchases under the Ordinance and not delivered to the Trustee for payment are not Outstanding, but there will be Outstanding Bonds authenticated and delivered in lieu of such undelivered Bonds as provided in the Ordinance.

“Permitted Encumbrances” means and includes (a) liens for taxes, assessments and other governmental charges not delinquent or which can be paid without penalty; (b) unfiled, inchoate mechanics’ and materialmen’s liens for construction work in progress; (c) workmen’s, repairmen’s, warehousemen’s and carriers’ liens and other similar liens, if any, arising in the ordinary course of business; (d) those matters referred to herein under “THE SERIES 2005 FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS – SECURITY”; (e) all the following, if they do not individually or in the aggregate materially impair the use of the Project or materially detract from the value thereof to the Company, viz.: any easements, restrictions, mineral, oil, gas and mining rights and reservations, zoning laws and defects in title or other encumbrances to which the Project may be subject because of the installation thereof at the Facilities; (f) any lien for the satisfaction and discharge of which a sum of money or surety bond deemed adequate by the Trustee is on deposit with the Trustee; (g) the rights of the City under the Agreement or any other sale agreement or lease agreement between the City and the Company relating to the issuance of bonds under the Act; (h) the lien of the Company Indenture and the permitted encumbrances referred to therein; (i)(1) the rights and interest of the Navajo Nation in the Plant site (which is located on the Navajo Reservation), and the Company’s rights existing by virtue of the Lease dated as of December 1, 1960 between the Navajo Nation, as lessor, and Arizona Public Service Company, as lessee, the Supplemental Lease dated July 6, 1966 and Amendment No. 1 dated April 20, 1985 between the Navajo Nation, as lessor, and the Company and certain other persons, as lessees; (i)(2) the rights and interest of the United States of America in the Plant site and Arizona Public Service Company’s rights existing by virtue of the rights-of-way and easements granted to Arizona Public Service Company by the Secretary of the Interior of the United States of America, by Grant dated July 6, 1966 and Amendment No. 1 dated April 20, 1985, and to the rights and interests of the Company and certain other persons as tenants in common by virtue of the rights-of-way and easements granted by the Secretary of the Interior of the United States

of America, by Grant dated July 6, 1966 and Amendment No. 1 dated April 20, 1985; or (i)(3) any defects in the title of the Navajo Nation to the lands leased; and (j) all of the contracts relating to the ownership, construction and operation of Units 4 and 5 of the Four Corners Generating Station, as from time to time amended or supplemented.

“Permitted Investments” means, to the extent permitted by law:

(a) Direct obligations of the United States of America (including obligations issued or held in book-entry form on the books of the Department of the Treasury of the United States of America) or obligations the timely payment of the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America; and

(b) Money market funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, whose shares are registered under the Securities Act of 1933, providing any such fund has been rated AAAM-G, AAAM or AAM by Standard & Poor’s (which may include funds for which The Bank of New York, its affiliates or subsidiaries provide investment advisory or other management services).

“Principal Payment Date” means with respect to the Bonds of a series, any date upon which the principal amount of such Bonds is due under the Ordinance, including the Maturity Date, any redemption date, or the date the maturity of the Bonds is accelerated pursuant to the terms of the Ordinance or otherwise.

“Purchase Date” means, for any Bond of a series in the Daily Mode or the Weekly Mode, any Business Day selected by the Owner of such Bond pursuant to the provisions of the Ordinance to have such Bond (or portion thereof in an Authorized Denomination) purchased.

“Purchase Installment” means any amount that the Company is required to pay directly to the Trustee pursuant to the Agreement as a payment of the Project Purchase Price under the Agreement (including payments, if any, on the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds).

“Purchase Price” means (i) an amount equal to the principal amount of any Bond of a series in the Daily Mode or the Weekly Mode to be purchased on any Purchase Date, plus an amount equal to accrued interest, if any, to such Purchase Date, (ii) except as provided in clause (iii) below, an amount equal to the principal amount of the Bonds of a series to be purchased on a Mandatory Purchase Date, plus an amount equal to accrued interest, if any, to the Mandatory Purchase Date, or (iii) an amount equal to the principal amount of the Bonds of a series to be purchased on a Mode Change Date, plus, if such Mode Change Date occurs (A) due to a change in Mode for a series of Bonds then in the Fixed Rate Mode on a day on which such Bonds are subject to optional redemption at the direction of the Company, any redemption premium that would have been payable for such Bonds on such redemption date, or (B) due to a change in Mode for a series of Bonds then in the Term Rate Mode earlier than the Mandatory Purchase Date for such

Bonds because the Company elects to end a Term Rate Mode for a series of Bonds on a day on which such Bonds are subject to optional redemption at the direction of the Company, an amount equal to any redemption premium that would have been payable on such redemption date.

“Rate Determination Date” means the date on which the interest rate for the Bonds of a series (or, with respect to a Commercial Paper Bond, such Bond) will be determined, which, (i) in the case of a Commercial Paper Bond, will be the first day of an Interest Period for such Bond; (ii) in the case of the Bonds of a series in the Daily Mode, will be each Business Day commencing with the Mode Change Date on which such Bonds were changed to the Daily Mode; (iii) in the case of the initial conversion of the Bonds of a series to the Weekly Mode, will be no later than the Business Day prior to the Mode Change Date on which such Bonds were changed to the Weekly Mode, and, thereafter, will be each Tuesday or, if Tuesday is not a Business Day, the next succeeding day or, if such day is not a Business Day, then the Business Day next preceding such Tuesday; (iv) in the case of the Bonds of a series in the Term Rate Mode, will be no later than the Business Day next preceding the first day of an Interest Period, as determined by the Remarketing Agent; and (v) in the case of the Bonds of a series in the Fixed Rate Mode, will be a date determined by the Remarketing Agent, with the consent of the Company, which will be at least one Business Day prior to the Mode Change Date.

“Rating Agency” means Moody’s or S&P to the extent they then are providing or maintaining a rating on the Bonds at the request of the Company, or in the event that Moody’s or S&P no longer maintains a rating on the Bonds, any other nationally recognized rating agency then providing or maintaining a rating on the Bonds at the request of the Company.

“Record Date” means in regard to an Interest Payment Date (i) with respect to the Commercial Paper Mode, a Daily Mode or a Weekly Mode, the Business Day immediately preceding an Interest Payment Date, and (ii) with respect to the Bonds of a series in the Term Rate Mode or the Fixed Rate Mode, the 15th day (whether or not a Business Day) of the month next preceding each Interest Payment Date.

“Remarketing Agent” means, in connection with the remarketing of the Bonds on the April 1, 2010 Mode Change Date, Barclays Capital Inc. and, thereafter, any investment banking firm which may at any time be appointed Remarketing Agent for the Bonds of a series as provided in the Ordinance.

“Revenues” means all receipts, installment payments and other income derived by the City or the Trustee with respect to the Bonds under the Agreement, including any amounts paid pursuant to the Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds, and any income or revenue derived from the investment of any money in any fund or account established pursuant to the Ordinance, including all Purchase Installments and any other payments made by the Company with respect to the Bonds pursuant to the Agreement; but such term does not include (i) payments to the City or the Trustee of their fees, charges and expenses (or those of their attorneys) pursuant to the Agreement, (ii) any indemnification payments made to the City or the Trustee under the Agreement, or (iii) any moneys paid

to the Trustee for deposit in the Rebate Fund or the Purchase Fund created under the Ordinance.

“S&P” means Standard & Poor’s Ratings Services, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York, and its successors and assigns, except that if such rating agency is dissolved or liquidated or no longer performs the functions of a securities rating agency, then the term “S&P” will be deemed to refer to any other nationally recognized securities rating agency selected by the Company.

“S&P Weekly High Grade Index” means the weekly high grade index generally made available on the applicable Rate Determination Date by Standard & Poor’s Securities Evaluations, Inc. or any successor thereto. The S&P Weekly High Grade Index is a seven-day high-grade market index comprised of selected tax-exempt variable-rate demand obligations meeting specific criteria. The specific issuers included among the component issuers may be changed from time to time by Standard & Poor’s Securities Evaluations, Inc. in its discretion. The bonds or notes on which the S&P Weekly High Grade Index is based shall not include any bonds the interest on which is subject to the “alternative minimum tax” or similar tax under the Code, unless all tax-exempt bonds are subject to such tax.

“Series” or “series” means the Series A Bonds and/or the Series B Bonds.

“Series 2005 First Mortgage Bonds” means the “First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds, Series 2005D, Due 2029,” pledged by the Agreement in support of payment of principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds.

“SIFMA” means the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (formerly known as The Bond Market Association), its successors and assigns.

“SIFMA Index” means the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index (formerly The Bond Market Association Municipal Swap Index), a seven-day high-grade market index comprised of selected tax-exempt variable-rate demand obligations meeting specific criteria. The SIFMA Index is calculated weekly and released each Wednesday afternoon. If at any time the SIFMA Index is not available, there shall be used in its place the S&P Weekly High Grade Index; provided, however, that if the S&P Weekly High Grade Index is not available, there shall be used in its place such index as the Trustee, following consultation with the Company and the Remarketing Agent, as the case may be, for the applicable Interest Accrual Period, determines most closely approximates the S&P Weekly High Grade Index.

“Stated Interest Payment Dates” means each April 1 and October 1; provided, however, that for the Term Rate Modes commencing on the date of issuance and delivery of the Bonds, the first Stated Interest Payment Dates will commence on October 1, 2010.

“Supplemental Ordinance” means any ordinance of the City hereafter duly adopted, modifying, altering, amending, supplementing or confirming the Ordinance in accordance with the terms thereof.

“Tax-Exempt” means, with respect to interest on any obligations of a state or local government, including the Bonds, that such interest is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, whether or not such interest is includable as an item of tax preference or otherwise includable directly or indirectly for purposes of calculating other tax liabilities, including any alternative minimum tax or environmental tax under the Code.

“Term Rate” means the per annum interest rate for the Bonds of a series in the Term Rate Mode determined pursuant to the provisions of the Ordinance.

“Term Rate Interest Payment Dates” means, with respect to the Bonds of a series in the Term Rate Mode and for the current Interest Period for such Bonds, each Stated Interest Payment Date occurring in such Period (beginning with the first Stated Interest Payment Date that occurs after the commencement of such Period) and on the day next succeeding the last day of such Period.

“Term Rate Mode” means the Mode during which the Bonds of a series bear interest at the Term Rate.

“Trustee” means The Bank of New York (now known as The Bank of New York Mellon), a New York banking corporation, and its successor or successors under the Ordinance, as trustee, paying agent and registrar under the Ordinance.

“Weekly Mode” means the Mode during which of the Bonds of a series bear interest at the Weekly Rate.

“Weekly Rate” means the per annum interest rate for the Bonds of a series in the Weekly Mode determined pursuant to the provisions of the Ordinance.

“Written Consent of the City” and “Written Request of the City” mean, respectively, a written consent or request signed by or on behalf of the City by its Mayor, Treasurer or City Clerk.

